

Tradery of Brain

LYFICE OF THE (LINERING UFIS(NAM) MAUA (AH) AGANA, GCAM GMO (15 A

OCT 1 - 1989

The Honorable Joe T. San Agustin Speaker. Twentieth Guam Legislature Post Office Box CB-1 Agana, Guam 96910

□ear Mr. Speaker:

Enclosure

Transmitted herewith is 8ill No. 284, which I have signed into law this date as Public Law 20-106.

Sincerely.

JOSEPH F. ADA

Gavernor

200562

001 1 6 tale

TWENTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE 1989 (FIRST) Regular Session

CERTIFICATION OF PASSAGE OF AN ACT TO THE GOVERNOR

This is to certify that Substitute Bill No. 284 (LS), "AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 88 TO TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, TO PROVIDE FOR THE UNDERGROUND STORAGE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS," was on the 28th day of September, 1989, duly and regularly passed.

DOE T. SAN AGUSTIN Speaker

Attested:

PILAR C. LUJAN
Senator and Legislative Secretary

This Act was received by the Governor this 4th day of Oct., 1989

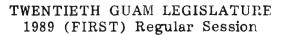
Assistant Staff Officer
Governor's Office

APPROVED:

JOSEPH F. ADA Governor of Guam

Date: October 16, 1989

Public Law No. 20-106



Bill No. 284 (LS) As substituted by the Committee on Health, Welfare & Ecology, and further substituted by the Committee on Rules

Introduced by:

- M. D. A. Manibusan
- J. G. Bamba
- M. C. Ruth
- T. S. Nelson
- D. F. Brooks
- T. V. C. Tanaka J. P. Aguon E. P. Arriola

- M. Z. Bordallo
- H. D. Dierking

- E. R. Duenas
 E. M. Espaldon
 C. T. C. Gutierrez
 P. C. Lujan
- G. Mailloux
- D. Parkinson
- F. J. A. Quitugua E. D. Reyes
- M. C. Ruth
- J. T. San Agustin
- F. R. Santos A. R. Unpingco

AN ACT TO ADD A NEW CHAPTER 88 TO TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, TO PROVIDE FOR THE UNDERGROUND STORAGE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS.

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:
- A new Chapter 88 is added to Title 10, Guam Code Section 1.
- 3 Annotated, to read as follows:
- 4 "Chapter 88
- 5 Storage of Hazardous Materials
- 6 "\$88101. Title. This Chapter shall be known the
- 7 "Underground Storage of Hazardous Substances Act".

1	§88102. Findings of Necessity and Statement of Purpose.
2	(a) The people of Guam find that:
3	(1) Substances hazardous to the public health and safety,
4	and to the environment, are stored prior to use in hundreds of
5	underground locations in the territory.
6	(2) Underground tanks used for the storage of hazardous
77	substances are potential sources of contamination of the ground,
8	underlying sole sources aquifer, surface or marine waters, and
9	may pose other dangers to public health and the environment.
10	(3) In several states, underground storage has resulted in
11	undetected and uncontrolled releases of hazardous substances into
12	the ground. These releases have contaminated public drinking
13	water supplies and created a potential threat to the public health
14	and to the waters of these states.
15	(4) Current laws do not specifically govern the
16	construction, maintenance, testing, and use of underground tanks
17	used for the storage of hazardous substances for the purposes of
18	protecting the public health and the environment.
19	(5) The protection of the public from releases of hazardous
20	substances is an issue of territorial concern.
21	(b) It is hereby declared to be the purpose of this Chapter to:
22	(1) Establish a continuing program for preventing
23	contamination from, and improper storage of, hazardous
24	substances stored underground;
25	(2) Establish orderly procedures that will ensure that newly
26	constructed underground storage tank meet appropriate
27	standards;
28	(3) Establish orderly procedures that will ensure that
29	exis ting tanks be properly maintained, inspected, and tested so
30	that the health, property, and resources of the people of Guam
31	will be protected.

§88103. Definitions. For the purpose of this Chapter, the following

32

33

definitions apply:



- (a) "Administrator" shall mean the Administrator of the Guam Environmental Protection Agency or his designee.
- (b) "Agency" shall mean the Guam Environmental Protection Agency.
- (c) "Board" shall mean the Board of Directors of the Guam Environmental Protection Agency.
- (d) "Guarantor" shall mean any person, other than the owner or the operator, who provides evidence of financial responsibility for the underground storage tank.
- (e) "Cperator" shall mean any person in control of, or having responsibility for, the daily operation of an underground storage tank.
 - (f) "Owner" shall mean:

- (1) In the case of an underground storage tank in use or brought into use on or after the effective date of this Chapter, any person who owns an underground storage tank used for the storage, use, or dispensing of regulated substances; and
- (2) In the case of an underground storage tank in use before the effective date of this Chapter, but no longer in use after that date, any person who owned such tank immediately before the discontinuation of its use.
- (g) "Person" shall mean an individual, trust, firm, joint stock company, corporation (including a government corporation), partnership, consortium, joint venture, commercial entity, association, a political subdivision of Guam, interstate body, or any agency, department, or instrumentality of the Federal government or government of Guam, or any other legal representative, agency or assigns.
- (h) "Regulated Substance" or "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any element, compound, mixture, solution, or substance that, when released into the environment, may present substantial danger to the public health, welfare, or the environment. The term includes:
 - (1) Any substance defined in Section 101(14) of the Federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, Public Law 96-510, as amended, (but not



including any substance regulated as a hazardous waste under Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976, also known as Public Law 94-580, as amended); or

- (2) Petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof, which is liquid at standard conditions of temperature and pressure (60 degrees Fehrenheit and 14.7 pounds per square inch absolute); and
- (3) Any other substance as designated by the Administrator.
- (i) "Release" includes, but is not limited to, any spilling, leaking, emitting, discharge, escaping, leaching, or disposing from an underground storage tank into groundwater, surface water, or subsurface soils.
- (j) "Underground Storage Tank" shall mean any one (1) or combination of tanks (including underground pipes connected thereto) used to contain an accumulation of regulated substances, and the volume of which (including the volume of the underground pipes connected thereto) is ten percent (10%) or more beneath the surface of the ground. "Underground Storage Tank" does not include any of the following:
 - (1) Septic tank;

5

- (2) Pipeline facility (including gathering lines) regulated under:
 - (A) The Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968, Public Law 90-481, as amended;
 - (B) The Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Safety Act of 1979, Public Law 96-129, as amended;
 - (3) Surface impoundment, pit, pond, or lagoon;
 - (4) Storm water or waste water collection system;
 - (5) Flow-through process tank;
- (6) Liquid trap or associated gathering lines directly related to oil or gas production and gathering operations;

1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29

30

31

32

33

34

	(7)	Stor	age	tank	situa	ted	in	an	un	der	grou	nd	area	(such	8.5
а	baseme	nt,	cella	ır, s	shaft,	or	tu	nne	1)	is	the	sto	orage	tank	is
si	tuated u	pon	or a	bove	the s	urfe	ee	of	the	flo	or.				

§88104. Powers and Duties. The Agency shall have the responsibility to

- (a) Develop and administer a underground storage tank program for Guam pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter;
- (b) Study, investigate, or cause to be studied and investigated, pollution from underground storage tanks and causes, prevention, control, and abatement thereof, as deemed necessary to protect human health and the environment;
- (c) Provide technical assistance to local and federal agencies, and other persons, and cooperate with appropriate local agencies and private organizations in carrying out the provisions of this Chapter;
- (d) Serve as Guam's official representative for all purposes of Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-580) as amended, and for the purpose of such other Guam or federal legislation as may hereafter be enacted to assist in the management of underground storage tanks;
- (e) Prepare, adopt, promulgate, modify, update, repeal, and enforce rules and regulations governing underground storage tank design, construction, installation, release detection and inventory control, compatibility, record maintenance, reporting, corrective action, closure, and financial responsibility in order to conserve the land and water resources of Guam, protect the health, prevent environmental pollution and public nuisances, and enable it to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Chapter;
- (f) Establish the procedures for review and issuance of permits governing the design, operation, and closure of underground storage tanks:
- (g) Prepare, issue, modify, revoke and enforce orders for compliance with any of the provisions of this Chapter or of any rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto and requiring the taking of such remedial measures for underground storage tank management as



may be necessary or appropriate to implement or effectuate the provisions and purposes of this Chapter;

- (h) Prepare, adopt, promulgate, modify, update, repeal, and enforce such other rules and regulations as may be necessary to establish an underground storage tank program which meets the requirements of Section 904 of Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-580) as amended, and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.
- \$88105. Notification Requirements.

 $\frac{26}{27}$

- (a) Any owner who brings into use an underground storage tank after the effective date of this Chapter shall notify the Agency within thirty days of such action. Notices shall include, but not limited to, at least the following specifications:
 - (1) The date the tanks was taken out of operation;
 - (2) The age of the tank on the date taken out of operation;
 - (3) The size, type, and location of the tank; and
- (4) The type and quantity of substances left stored in the tank on the date taken out of operation or removed.§88106. New Tank Standards.
- (a) From and after the effective date of this Chapter until the effective date of new tank performance standards promulgated thereunder, no person may install an underground storage tank unless the tank meets all of the following requirements:
 - (1) The tank will prevent releases of the stored regulated substances due to corrosion or structural failure for the operational life of the tank;
 - (2) The tank is cathodically protected against corrosion, constructed of noncorrosive material, or designed in a manner to prevent the release or threatened release of the stored regulated substance; and
 - (3) The material used in the construction or lining of the tank is compatible with the substance to be stored.
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), if the Administrator determines that soils at an installation location are not corrosive



enough to cause an underground storage tank to have a release during its operating life and the Administrator determines that the tank is adequately protected, a storage tank without corrosion protection may be installed at that location.

- (c) The performance for new underground storage tanks shall include, but are not limited to, design, construction, installation, release detection, and compatibility standards.
- \$88107. Leak Detection and Record Maintenance.

- (a) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall maintain a leak system, an inventory control system, and tank testing system, or a comparable system or method designed to identify releases in a manner consistent with the protection of human health and the environment.
- (b) The owner or operator shall maintain systematic and complete records of the information obtained from Subsection (a). \$88108. Reporting Requirements.
- (a) The owner and operator of an underground storage tank shall notify the Agency of each release from the tank as soon as practicable but no later than twenty-four (24) hours after the release is detected. The owner may contract with the operator to assume the obligations created by this Section.
- (b) The operator of an underground storage tank shall notify the owner of each release from the tank as soon as practicable but no later than twelve (12) hours after the release is detected.
- (c) Notice by the operator and owner may be made orally or in writing but shall be followed within fourteen (14) days by a written report to the Agency that a release has been detected. The written report shall include, but not be limited to, the nature of the release, the period of time over which the release occurred and the corrective action taken as of the date of the report and anticipated to be taken subsequent to the date of the report.
- \$88109. Corrective Action.

(a) When a release is discovered the owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall take immediate action to stop the release.

5

- (b) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall take corrective action in response to the release of regulated substances from the tank in a manner consistent with future protection of human health and the environment, and restoration of the environment to a condition and quality acceptable to the Agency. The Agency may require the owner or operator to undertake such investigations, monitoring, surveys, testings and other information gathering as the Agency considers necessary or appropriate to:
 - (1) Identify the existence and extent of the release;
 - (2) Identify the source and nature of the hazardous substance involved; and
 - (3) Evaluate the extent of danger to human health, safety, welfare or the environment.
- (c) If the owner or operator does not take immediate action to stop a release from an underground storage tank or immediately commence and promptly and adequately complete the cleanup of a release, the Agency may stop the release or cleanup the release, or contract to stop the release or contract for cleanup of the release.
- (d) Whenever, the Agency is authorized to act under subsection (c) of this section, the Agency directly or by contract may undertake such investigations, monitoring, surveys, testing and other information gathering as it may deem appropriate to identify the existence and extent of the release, the source and nature of the hazardous substance involved and the extent of danger to human health, safety, welfare or the environment. In addition, the Agency directly or by contract may undertake such planning, fiscal, economic, engineering and other studies and investigations as it may deem appropriate to plan and direct cleanup actions, to recover the costs thereof and legal costs.

\$88110. Hazardous Substance Emergency Response and Remedial Action Fund.

- (a) There is established a fund to be known as the Hazardous Substance Emergency Response and Remedial Action Fund (the "Action Fund") which shall be used by the Agency as a nonlapsing, revolving fund. The Legislature shall make an initial, one time appropriation of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000) to the Action Fund. All fees, reimbursements, assessments, fines, bail forfeitures, and other funds collected or received pursuant to this Chapter shall be deposited in the Action Fund.
- (b) The Administrator shall administer the Action Fund and make disbursements from the fund for the following purposes:
 - (1) Funding actions and activities authorized under Section 88109 of this Chapter.
 - (2) Training of Agency employees involved in regulation of underground storage of hazardous substances or response to release of hazardous substances from underground storage tanks
 - (3) Providing for the general administration and implementation of this Chapter, including the purchase of equipment and payment of personnel costs of the Agency.
- §88111. Financial Responsibility.

- (a) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall maintain evidence of financial responsibility for taking corrective action and compensating third parties for bodily injury and property damage caused by sudden and non-sudden accidental releases arising from the operation of an underground storage tank.
- (b) If the owner or operator is in bankruptcy, reorganization, or arrangement pursuant to the Federal bankruptcy law, or if jurisdiction in any Guam, state, or Federal court cannot be obtained over an owner or operator likely to be solvent at the time of judgement, any claim arising from conduct for which evidence of financial responsibility must be provided under this subsection may be asserted directly against the guarantor providing the evidence of financial responsibility. In the case of such action against a guarantor, the guarantor is entitled to invoke all rights and defenses which would have been available to the owner or operator if any action



had been brought against the owner or operator by the claimant and which would have been available to the guarantor if an action had been brought against the guarantor by the owner or operator.

- (c) The total liability of a guarantor shall be limited to the aggregate amount which the guarantor has provided as evidence of financial responsibility to the owner or operator under this section. The subsection does not limit any other Guam or Federal statutory, contractual, or common law liability of a guarantor to its owner or operator, including, but not limited to, the liability of the guarantor for bad faith in negotiating or in failing to negotiate the settlement of any claim. This subsection does not diminish the liability of any person under sections 107 or 111 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, Public Law 96-516, as amended, or other applicable law.
- \$88112. Closure. Closure of an underground storage tank shall be accomplished in a manner which prevents future releases of regulated substances.
 - §88113. Tank Permit Requirements.

 26

- (a) No person shall own, install, or operate an underground storage tank unless a permit is obtained from the Agency and upon payment of a fee to be prescribed by regulations. All such permits shall be non-transferable and conditioned upon the observance of the laws of Guam and such rules and regulations.
- (b) Each permit holder shall apply for the renewal of each permit held, upon forms provided by the Agency, not less than sixty (60) days prior to the expiration of such undergrounds storage tank permit to be renewed.
- (c) Each permit application and each permit renewal application shall be submitted with evidence of financial responsibility, in a sum established by the Administrator and conditioned on the fulfillment by the permit holder of the requirements of this Chapter and the rules and regulations authorized herein.
- §88114. Inspection and Entry. The Agency is hereby authorized to inspect all underground storage tanks at all reasonable times to insure



compliance with the laws of Guam, the provisions of this Chapter, and the rules and regulations authorized herein. This authority shall include, but not limited to, obtaining from any owner or operator of an underground storage tank, upon request information relating to such tanks, their associated equipment, and their contents; conducting monitoring and testing of tanks or surrounding soils, air, surface water or groundwater; inspecting and copying all records relating to tanks; and inspecting and obtaining samples of regulated substances contained in tanks.

§88115. Confidentiality of Records. Records or other information furnished to or obtained by the Administrator concerning regulated substances are available to the public, except that any records and information which relate to trade secrets, processes, operations, style of work or apparatus or to the identity, confidential statistical data, amount or source of any income, profits, losses or expenditures of any person are only for the confidential use of the Agency in the administration of this Chapter unless the owner or operator expressly agrees to their publication or availability to the public. This section does not prohibit the publishing of quantitative and qualitative statistics pertaining to the storage of regulated substances. Notwithstanding provisions to the contrary in this section, information regarding the nature and quality of releases from underground storage tanks otherwise reportable pursuant to this Chapter shall be available to the public.

\$88116. Notice. Any notice, order or other official correspondence affecting the rights of any person under this Chapter shall be delivered by personal service, or sent by registered mail with a return receipt to the address of such person as shown by the records of the Agency. The return receipt, signed by the addressee, or his agent, shall be conclusive proof of delivery.

\$88117. Hearings.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7 8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

2526

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

(a) Any person who received an order from the Administrator as authorized by this Chapter and any person whose permit application is disapproved by the Administrator may, within fifteen (15) days of the date of receipt of such order or disapproval, file a notice of intent to



appeal with the Board, setting forth in such notice a verified petition outlining the basis for such appeal.

- (b) The Ecard shall, not more than sixty (60) days after receipt of such notice of appeal, hold a public hearing at which time the person appealing may appear and present evidence in person or through counsel in support of this petition.
- (c) The Board is hereby authorized to administer oaths and to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence in all such hearings. Transcripts may be made by either the Agency or the person appealing.
- (d) The Board shall affirm, modify or revoke any action which is appealed and shall notify the appellant of its accision not more than thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the hearing. Such notice shall be in writing and shall state the reasons for the decision.
- (e) Any person may appeal such decision to the Superior Court of Cuam by filing with the Agency a written notice of such intent to appeal within ten (10) days of the notice of subsection (d) of this section and shall have a transcript of the proceedings upon request. The person making the appeal shall pay the Agency for the expenses associated with the preparation of the requested transcript.

\$88118. Injunction. The Agency may maintain an action to restrain any violation or threatened violation of the provisions of this Chapter or the rules and regulations authorized herein. Such right to injunctive relief is in addition to any other powers or penalties conferred by this Chapter.

\$88119. Applicability to Government Agencies. Agencies of the government of Guam and of the Government of the United States shall comply with all provisions of this Chapter including permit requirements with the exception of Sections 88111 and 88113(c).

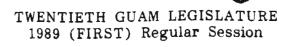
§88120. Penalties.

(a) Any person who violates any underground storage tank provisions of this Chapter, or any valid underground storage tank rule or regulation promulgated under this Chapter, or who refuses or neglects to comply with any lawful order issued by the Administrator in carrying out the provisions of this chapter shall forfeit and pay the



government of Guam a civil penalty not less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) for each tank for each day of violation.

- (b) Any person with an interest, which is or may be adversely affected by a violation of this Chapter, may intervene as a matter of right in any civil action brought by the Agency to require compliance with the provisions of this Chapter.
- (c) Any person who knowingly fails to notify or makes any false statement or representation in any underground storage tank notification, permit application, or other document filed, maintained, or used for purposes of compliance with the provisions of this Chapter, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned not less than six (6) months or be fined not less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) per day for each violation, or both."



ROLL CALL SHEET

	ROLL C	CALL S	HEET	1 1/02
Bill No. 284			Date:	9/28/19
Resolution No				
QUESTION:				
	AYE	NAY	NOT VOTING	ABSENT
J. P. Aguon				
E. P. Arriola	- Indiana			
J. G. Bamba	· ·			
M. Z. Bordallo				
D. F. Brooks				
H. D. Dierking				
E. R. Duenas				
E. M. Espaldon				
C. T. C. Gutierrez				
P. C. Lujan				
G. Mailloux				
M. D. A. Manibusan	- Commercial Commercia			
T. S. Nelson				
D. Parkinson				
F. J. A. Quitugua				Land of the same o
E. D. Reyes	· ·			:
M. C. Ruth				
J. T. San Agustin	· Leaven			
F. R. Santos	-			
T. V. C. Tanaka	· ·			
A. R. Unpingco				
	19		-	2

JAN 0 4 '89

BILL NO. 284(15)

Introduced by:

M.D.A. Manibusan

AN ACT CREATING A NEW CHAPTER 88 OF TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED PROVIDING FOR THE UNDERGROUND STORAGE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

- Section 1. Act. This Act shall be known as the "Underground Storage of Hazardous Substances Act".
- Section 2. Findings of Necessity and Statement of Purpose.
 - (a) The people of this Territory find:
 - (1) Substances hazardous to the public health and and safety, and to the environment, are stored prior to use in hundreds of underground locations in the territory.
 - (2) Underground tanks used for the storage of hazardous substances are potential sources of contamination of the ground, underlying sole source aquifer, surface or marine waters, and may pose other dangers to public health and the environment.
 - (3) In several states, underground storage has resulted in undetected and uncontrolled releases of hazardous substances into the ground. These releases have contaminated public drinking water supplies and created a potential threat to the public health and to the waters of these states.
 - (4) Current laws do not specifically govern the construction, maintenance, testing, and use of underground tanks used for the storage of hazardous substances for the purposes of protecting the public health and the environment.

- (5) The protection of the public from releases of hazardous substances is an issue of territorial concern.
- (b) It is hereby declared to be the purpose of this Chapter to:
 - (1) Establish a continuing program for preventing contamination from, and improper storage of, hazardous substances stored underground.
 - (2) Establish orderly procedures that will ensure that newly constructed underground storage tanks meet appropriate standards.
 - (3) Establish orderly procedures that will ensure that existing tanks be properly maintained, inspected, and tested so that the health, property, and resources of the people of the territory will be protected.

Section 03. Definitions. For the purpose of this Chapter, the following definitions apply:

- (a) "Administrator" shall mean the Administrator of the Guam Environmental Protection Agency or his designee.
- (b) "Agency" shall mean the Guam Environmental Protection Agency.
- (c) "Board" shall mean the Board of Directors of the Guam Environmental Protection Agency.
- (d) "Guarantor" shall mean any person, other than the owner or the operator, who provides evidence of financial responsibility for the underground storage tank.
- (e) "Operator" shall mean any person in control of, or having responsibility for, the daily operation of the underground storage tank.
- (f) "Owner" shall mean:
 - (1) In the case of an underground storage tank in use or brought into use on or after the effective date of this Chapter, any person who owns an underground storage tank used for the storage, use, or dispensing of regulated substances; and
 - (2) In the case of an underground storage tank in use before the effective date of this Chapter, but no longer in use after that date, any person who owned such tank immediately before the discontinuation of its use.

- (g) "Person" shall mean an individual, trust, firm, joint stock company, corporation (including a government corporation), partnership, consortium, joint venture, commercial entity, association, a political subdivision of the Territory, interstate body, or any agency, department, or instrumentality of the Federal Government or Government of Guam, or any other legal representative, agency or assigns.
 - (h) "Regulated Substance" or "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any element, compound, mixture, solution, or substance that, when released into the environment, may present substantial danger to the public health, welfare, or the environment. The term includes:
 - (1) Any substance defined in Section 101(14) of the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, Public Law 96-510, as amended, [but not including any substance regulated as a hazardous waste under Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-580) as amended]; or
 - (2) Petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof, which is liquid at standard conditions of temperature and pressure (60 degrees Fahrenheit and 14.7 pounds per square inch absolute); and
 - (3) Any other substance as designated by the Administrator.
 - (i) "Release" includes, but is not limited to, any spilling, leaking, emitting, discharging, escaping, leaching, or disposing from an underground storage tank into groundwater, surface water, or subsurface soils.
 - (j) "Underground Storage Tank" shall mean any one or combination of tanks (including underground pipes connected thereto) used to contain an accumulation of regulated substances, and the volume of which (including the volume of the underground pipes connected thereto) is ten percent or more beneath the surface of the ground. "Underground Storage Tank" does not include any of the following:
 - (1) Farm or residential tank of 1100 gallons or less capacity used for storing motor fuel for noncommercial purposes;
 - (2) Septic tank;
 - (3) Pipeline facility (including gathering lines) regulated under:
 - (A) The Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968, Public Law 90-481, as amended;
 - (B) The Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Safety Act of 1979, Public Law 96-129, as amended;

- (4) Surface impoundment, pit, pond, or lagoon;
- (5) Storm water or waste water collection system;
- (6) Flow-through process tank;
- (7) Liquid trap or associated gathering lines directly related to oil or gas production and gathering operations;
- (8) Storage tank situated in an underground area (such as a basement, cellar, shaft, or tunnel) if the storage tank is situated upon or above the surface of the floor.

Section 04. Powers and Duties. The Agency shall have the responsibility to:

- (a) Develop and administer a territorial underground storage tank program pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter;
- (b) Study, investigate, or cause to be studied and investigated, pollution from underground storage tanks and causes, prevention, control, and abatement thereof, as deemed necessary to protect human health and the environment;
- (c) Provide technical assistance to local and federal agencies; and other persons, and cooperate with appropriate local agencies and private organizations in carrying out the duties of this Chapter;
- (d) Serve as the official territorial representative for all purposes of Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-580) as amended, and for the purpose of such other territorial or federal legislation as may hereafter be enacted to assist in the management of underground storage tanks;
- (e) Prepare, adopt, promulgate, modify, update, repeal, and enforce rules and regulations governing underground storage tank design, construction, installation, release detection and inventory control, compatibility, record maintenance, reporting, corrective action, closure, and financial responsibility in order to conserve the land and water resources of the Territory, protect the public health, prevent environmental pollution and public nuisances, and enable it to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Chapter;
- (f) Establish the procedures for review and issuance of permits governing the design, operation, and closure of underground storage tanks;
- (g) Prepare, issue, modify, revoke and enforce orders for compliance with any of the provisions of this Chapter or of any rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto and requiring the taking of such remedial measures for underground storage tank management as may be necessary or appropriate to implement or effectuate the provisions and purposes of this Chapter;

(h) Prepare, adopt, promulgate, modify, update, repeal, and enforce such other rules and regulations as may be necessary to establish an underground storage tank program which meets the requirements of Section 9004 of Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-580) as amended, and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

Section 05. Notification Requirements.

- (a) Any owner who brings into use an underground storage tank after the effective date of this Chapter shall notify the Agency within thirty (30) days after the tank is brought into use and specify information including, but not limited to, the age, size, type, location, and uses of the tank. Notice shall be made on an approved form of notice provided by the Agency.
- (b) The owner of an existing underground tank taken out of operation or removed from the ground after the effective date of this Chapter shall notify the Agency within thirty (30) days of such action. Notices shall include, but not limited to, at least the following specifications:
 - (1) The date the tank was taken out of operation;
 - (2) The age of the tank on the date taken out of operation;
 - (3) The size, type, and location of the tank; and
 - (4) The type and quantity of substances left stored in the tank on the date taken out of operation or removed.

Section 06. New Tank Standards.

- (a) From and after the effective date of this Chapter and until the effective date of new tank performance standards promulgated thereunder, no person may install an underground storage tank unless the tank meets all of the following requirements:
 - (1) The tank will prevent releases of the stored regulated substances due to corrosion or structural failure for the operational life of the tank;
 - (2) The tank is cathodically protected against corrosion, constructed of noncorrosive material, or designed in a manner to prevent the release or threatened release of the stored regulated substance; and
 - (3) The material used in the construction or lining of the tank is compatible with the substance to be stored.

- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), if soil tests conducted by the owner in accordance with ASTM Standard G57-78, or a similar standard, show that soil resistivity in an installation location is twelve thousand (12,000) ohm/cm or more and provided the Administrator determines the tank is adequately protected, a storage tank without corrosion protection may be installed in that location.
- (c) The performance standards for new underground storage tanks shall include, but are not limited to, design, construction, installation, release detection, and compatibility standards.

Section 07. Leak Detection and Record Maintenance.

- (a) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall maintain a leak detection system, an inventory control system, and tank testing system, or a comparable system or method designed to identify releases in a manner consistent with the protection of human health and the environment.
- (b) The owner or operator shall maintain systematic and complete records of the information obtained from Subsection (a).

Section 08. Reporting Requirements.

- (a) The owner and operator of an underground storage tank shall notify the Agency of each release from the tank as soon as practicable but no later than twenty-four (24) hours after the release is detected. The owner may by contract with the operator to assume the obligations created by this Section.
- (b) The operator of an underground storage tank shall notify the owner of each release from the tank as soon as practicable but no later than twenty-four (24) hours after the release is detected.
- (c) Notice by the operator and owner may be made orally or in writing but shall be followed within fourteen (14) days by a written report to the Agency that a release has been detected. The written report shall include, but not be limited to, the nature of the release, the regulated substance released, the quantity of the release, the period of time over which the release occurred and the corrective action taken as of the date of the report and anticipated to be taken subsequent to the date of the report.

Section 09. Corrective Action.

(a) When a release is discovered the owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall take immediate action to stop the release.

(b) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall take corrective action in response to the release of regulated substances from the tank in a manner consistent with future protection of human health and the environment, and restoration of the environment to a condition and quality acceptable to the Agency.

Section 10. Financial Responsibility.

- (a) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall maintain evidence of financial responsibility for taking corrective action and compensating third parties for bodily injury and property damage caused by sudden and non-sudden accidental releases arising from the operation of an underground storage tank.
- (b) If the owner or operator is in bankruptcy, reorganization, or arrangement pursuant to the federal bankruptcy law, or if jurisdiction in any state or federal court cannot be obtained over an owner or operator likely to be solvent at the time of judgment, any claim arising from conduct for which evidence of financial responsibility must be provided under this subsection may be asserted directly against the guarantor providing the evidence of financial responsibility. In the case of action pursuant to this subsection, the guarantor is entitled to invoke all rights and defenses which would have been available to the owner or operator if any action had been brought against the owner or operator by the claimant and which would have been available to the guarantor if an action had been brought against the guarantor by the owner or operator.
- (c) The total liability of a guarantor shall be limited to the aggregate amount which the guarantor has provided as evidence of financial responsibility to the owner or operator under this subsection. This subsection does not limit any other territorial or federal statutory, contractual, or common law liability of a guarantor to its owner or operator, including, but not limited to, the liability of the guarantor for bad faith in negotiating or in failing to negotiate the settlement of any claim. This subsection does not diminish the liability of any person under section 107 or 111 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, Public Law 96-516, as amended, or other applicable law.

Section 11. Closure. Closure of an underground storage tank shall be accomplished in a manner which prevents future releases of regulated substances.

Section 12. Tank Permit Requirements.

- (a) No person shall own, install, or operate an underground storage tank unless a permit is obtained from the Agency and upon payment of a fee to be prescribed by regulations. All such permits shall be non-transferable and conditioned upon the observance of the laws of the territory and rules and regulations.
- (b) Each permit holder shall apply for the renewal of each permit held, upon forms provided by the Agency, not less than sixty (60) days prior to the expiration date of such underground storage tank permit to be renewed.
- (c) Each permit application and each permit renewal application shall be submitted with evidence of financial responsibility, in a sum established by the Administrator and conditioned on the fulfillment by the permit holder of the requirements of this Chapter and the rules and regulations authorized therein.

Section 13. Inspection and Entry. The Agency is hereby authorized to inspect all underground storage tanks at all reasonable times to insure compliance with the laws of the Territory, the provisions of this Chapter, and the rules and regulations authorized herein. This authority shall include obtaining from any owner or operator of an underground storage tank, upon request, information relating to such tanks, their associated equipment, and their contents; conducting monitoring and testing of tanks or surrounding soils, air, surface water or groundwater; inspecting and copying all records relating to tanks; and inspecting and obtaining samples of regulated substances contained in tanks.

Section 14. Confidentiality of Records. Records or other information furnished to or obtained by the Administrator concerning regulated substances are available to the public, except that any records and information which relate to trade secrets, processes, operations, style of work or apparatus or to the identity, confidential statistical data, amount or source of any income, profits, losses or expenditures of any person are only for the confidential use of the Agency in the Administration of this Chapter unless the owner or operator expressly agrees to their publication or availability to the public. This Section does not prohibit the publishing of quantitative and qualitative statistics pertaining to the storage of regulated substances. Notwithstanding provisions to the contrary in this Section, information regarding the nature and quality of releases from underground storage tanks otherwise reportable pursuant to this Chapter shall be available to the public.

Section 15. Notice. Any notice, order or other official correspondence affecting the rights of any person under this Chapter shall be delivered by personal service, or sent by registered mail with a return receipt to the address of such person as shown by the records of the Agency. The return receipt, signed by the addressee, or his agent, shall be conclusive proof of delivery.

Section 16. Hearings.

- (a) Any person who received an order from the Administrator as authorized by this Chapter and any person whose permit application is disapproved by the Administrator may, within fifteen (15) days of the date of receipt of such order or disapproval, file a notice of intent to appeal with the Board, setting forth in such notice a verified petition outlining the basis for such appeal.
- (b) The Board of Directors shall, not more than sixty (60) days after receipt of such notice of appeal, hold a public hearing at which time the person appealing may appeal and present evidence in person or through counsel in support of this petition.
- (c) The Board is hereby authorized to administer oaths and to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence in all such hearings. Transcripts may be made by either the Agency or the person appealing.
- (d) The Board shall affirm, modify or revoke any action which is appealed and shall notify the appellant of its decision not more than thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the hearing. Such notice shall be in writing and shall state the reasons for the decision.
- (e) Any person may appeal such decision to the Superior Court of Guam by filing with the Agency a written notice of such intent to appeal within ten (10) days of the notice in Subsection (d) of this Section and shall have a transcript of the proceedings upon request.

Section 17. Injunction. The Agency shall maintain an action to restrain any violation or threatened violation of the provisions of this Chapter or the rules and regulations authorized herein. Such right to injunctive relief is in addition to any other powers or penalties conferred by this Chapter.

Section 18. Applicability to Government Agencies. Agencies of the Government of Guam and Government of the United States shall comply with all provisions of this Chapter including permit requirements with the exception of Sections 10 and 12 (c).

Section 19. Penalties.

(a) Any person who violates any underground storage tank provisions of this Chapter, or any valid underground storage tank rule or regulation promulgated under this Chapter, or who refuses or neglects to comply with any lawful order issued by the Administrator in carrying out the provisions of this chapter shall forfeit and pay the Government of Guam a civil penalty of not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) for each tank for each day of violation.

- (b) Any person with an interest, which is or may be adversely affected by a violation of this Chapter, may intervene as a matter of right in any civil action brought by the Agency to require compliance with the provisions of this chapter.
- (c) Any person who knowingly fails to notify or makes any false statement or representation in any underground storage tank notification, permit application, or other document filed, maintained, or used for purposes of compliance with the provision of this Chapter, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned not to exceed six (6) months or be fined no more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) per day for each violation, or both.



Sonator Madoloino Z. Bordallo

CHAIRPERSON

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, WELFARE & ECOLOGY

VICE CHAIRPERSON:

COMMITTEE ON HOUSING & COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

MEMBER:

Committee on Energy, Utilities & Consumer Protection

Committee on General Governmental Operations

Committee on Justice, Judiciary & Criminal Justice

Committee on Youth, Human Resources, Senior Citizens & Cultural Affairs

Committee on Rules

Legislative Member Commission on Self-Determination

TWENTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE

163 Chalan Santo Papa Agana, Guam 96910 Tel: 472-3425/3426/3427

August 22, 1989

Honorable Joe T. San Agustin Speaker, Twentieth Guam Legislature 163 Chalan Santo Papa Agana, Guam 96910

Dear Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on Health, Welfare and Ecology, to which was referred Bill No. 284, AN ACT CREATING A NEW CHAPTER 88 OF TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED PROVIDING FOR THE UNDERGROUND STORAGE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS does recommend that the Bill, as Substituted, be Passed by the Twentieth Guam Legislature.

Votes of the Committee members are as follow:

To Pass	12
To Not Pass	<u>0</u>
To Report Out Only	<u>0</u>
To Place In The Inactive File	0
Abstained	<u>0</u>
Off-Island	<u>0</u>
Not Available	<u>o</u>

Respectfully submitted,

Budallo

MADELEINE Z. BORDALLO

Enclosures

THE TAX TO VINCENTY TO THE

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, WELFARE AND ECOLOGY

¥î tr

VOTING SHEET

BILL NO. 284, AS SUBSTITUTED.

"AN ACT CREATING A NEW CHAPTER 88 OF TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED PROVIDING FOR THE UNDERGROUND STORAGE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS."

COMMITTEE MEMBER	TO PASS	NOT TO PASS	TO REPORT	TO PLACE IN INACTIVE FILE
MADELEINE Z. BORDALLO Chairperson				<u>_</u>
GORDON MAILLOUX Vice-Chairperson				
ERUNIAL ELIZABETH P. ARRIOLA Member	<u> </u>			
HERMINIA D. DIERRING Member	<u>~</u>			
Plan C. Kuja Member	<u></u>			
TZD S. NELSON				
EDWARD D. REYES Member				
ERNESTO ESPALDON Member				
MARILYN D. M. MANIBUSAN Member	Vijistoj			
MARTHA C. RUTH	/8/22/8	<u>g</u>		
TOMMY TANAKA				
ANTONIO R. UNPINGCO				
Member				

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, WELFARE AND ECOLOGY

COMMITTEE REPORT ON BILL NO. 284, AS SUBSTITUTED.

"AN ACT CREATING A NEW CHAPTER 88 OF TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED PROVIDING FOR THE UNDERGROUND STORAGE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS."

PREFACE

A Public Hearing on Bill No. 284 was conducted by the Committee on Health, Welfare and Ecology on June 20, 1989 at 8:00 a.m. in the Legislative Session Hall.

Chairperson Senator Madeleine Z. Bordallo; Senators Members Present: Martha C. Ruth, and Tony R. Unpingco

Witnesses Heard: Senator Marilyn Manibusan, James L. Canto for Guam Environment Protection Agency, Roland Solivio for Guam Environmental Protection Agency

SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY

The bill is necessary to allow GEPA to enforce existing Federal law, to control and monitor possible releases from about 630 underground storage tanks on Island. Witnesses agreed with sponsor on technical amendments to Bill 284 as introduced. There is a Federal grant of \$50,000 for personnel costs. The bill also creates a fund for necessary equipment and legal action.

COMMITTEE FINDINGS/RECOMMENDATIONS

The Committee finds this bill, as substituted, to be a positive measure to safeguard Guam's freshwater aquifer and shorelines.

The Committee recommends Bill No. 284, as Substituted, to be Passed by the Twentieth Guam Legislature.

ATTACHMENTS

- Committee Voting Sheet on Bill No. 284, As Substituted.
- Bill No. 284 as Substituted by the committee. 2.
- 3. Bill No. 284 as referred to committee.
- Testimony of Guam Environmental Protection Agency. Testimony of Sponsor. 4.
- 5.
- Letter from Sponsor to GEPA, March 2, 1989. 6.
- Fiscal Note from BBMR. 7.
- 8. Committee Members Attendance Sheet.
- Witnesses Attendance Sheet. 9.

TWENTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE 1989 (FIRST) REGULAR SESSION

Bill No. 284 As Substituted by the Committee on Health, Welfare and Ecology

INTRODUCED BY:

M.D.A. MANIBUSAN J.G. BAMBA M. RUTH D.F.

T. TANAKA

"AN ACT CREATING A NEW CHAPTER 88 OF TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED PROVIDING FOR THE UNDERGROUND STORAGE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS."

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

2 Section 1. A new Chapter 88 of Title 10 is hereby added to

read as follows: 3

§ 88101. Act. This Act shall be known as the "Underground 5 Storage of Hazardous Substances Act".

- § 88102. Findings of Necessity and Statement of Purpose. 6
- 7 The people of this Territory find:
- Substances hazardous to the public health and 8 (1)9 safety, and to the environment, are stored prior to use in hundreds 10 of underground locations in the territory.
- Underground tanks used for the storage of 11 (2) 12 hazardous substances are potential sources of contamination of the ground, underlying sole sources aquifer, surface or marine waters, 13 14 and may pose other dangers to public health and the environment.
- In several states, underground storage has 15 (3)resulted in undetected and uncontrolled releases of hazardous 16 17 substances into the ground. These releases have contaminated 18 public drinking water supplies and created a potential threat to 19 the public health and to the waters of these states.
- 20 (4)Current laws do not specifically govern the 21 construction, maintenance, testing, and use of underground tanks

- used for the storage of hazardous substances for the purposes of protecting the public health and the environment.
- 3 (5) The protection of the public from releases of 4 hazardous substances is an issue of territorial concern.
- 5 (b) It is hereby declared to be the purpose of this 6 Chapter:
- 7 (1) Establish a continuing program for preventing 8 contamination from, and improper storage of, hazardous substances 9 stored underground.
- (2) Establish orderly procedures that will ensure that newly constructed underground storage tanks meet appropriate standards.
- (3) Establish orderly procedures that will ensure that existing tanks be properly maintained, inspected, and tested so that the health, property, and resources of the people of the territory will be protected.
- § 88103. Definitions. For the purpose of this Chapter, the following definitions apply:
- 19 (a) "Administrator" shall mean the Administrator of the 20 Guam Environmental Protection Agency or his designee.
- 21 (b) "Agency" shall mean the Guam Environmental Protection 22 Agency.
- (c) "Board" shall mean the Board of Directors of the Guam Environmental Protection Agency.
- 25 (d) "Guarantor" shall mean any person, other than the 26 owner or the operator, who provides evidence of financial 27 responsibility for the underground storage tank.
- (e) "Operator" shall mean any person of control of, or having responsibility for, the daily operation of the underground storage tank.

(f) "Owner" shall mean:

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

22

23

24

25

26

- (1) In the case of an underground storage tank in use or brought into use on or after the effective date of this Chapter, any person who owns an underground storage tank used for the storage, use, or dispensing of regulated substances; and
- (2) In the case of an underground storage tank in use before the effective date of this Chapter, but no longer in use after that date, any person who owned such tank immediately before the discontinuation of its use.
- (g) "Person" shall mean an individual, trust, firm, joint stock company, corporation (including a government corporation), partnership, consortium, joint venture, commercial entity, association, a political subdivision of the Territory, interstate body, or any agency, department, or instrumentality of the Federal Government or Government of Guam, or any other legal representative, agency or assigns.
- (h) "Regulated Substance" or "Hazardous Substance" shall
 mean any element, compound, mixture, solution, or substance that,
 when released into the environment, may present substantial danger
 to the public health, welfare, or the environment. The term
 includes:
 - (1) Any substance defined in Section 101(14) of the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, Public Law 96-510, as amended, (but not including any substance regulated as a hazardous waste under Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 also known as Public Law 94-580, as amended); or
- (2) Petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof, which is liquid at standard conditions of temperature and pressure (60 degrees Fahrenheit and 14.7 pounds per square inch

- 1 absolute); and
- 2 (3) Any other substance as designated by the
- 3 Administrator.
- 4 (i) "Release" includes, but is not limited to, any
- 5 spilling, leaking, emitting, discharging, escaping, leaching, or
- 6 disposing from an underground storage tank into groundwater,
- 7 surface water, or subsurface soils.
- 8 (j) "Underground Storage Tank" shall mean any one or
- 9 combination of tanks (including underground pipes connected
- thereto) used to contain an accumulation of regulated substances,
- ll and the volume of which (including the volume of the underground
- 12 pipes connected thereto) is ten percent or more beneath the surface
- of the ground. "Underground Storage Tank" does not include any of
- 14 the following:
- 15 (1) Septic tank;
- 16 (2) Pipeline facility (including gathering lines)
- 17 regulated under:
- 18 (A) The Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of
- 19 1968, Public Law 90-481, as amended;
- 20 (B) The Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Safety Act of
- 21 1979, Public Law 96-129, as amended;
- 22 (3) Surface impoundment, pit, pond, or lagoon;
- 23 (4) Storm water or waste water collection system;
- 24 (5) Flow-through process tank;
- 25 (6) Liquid trap or associated gathering lines
- directly related to oil or gas production and gathering operations;
- 27 (7) Storage tank situated in an underground area
- 28 (such as a basement, cellar, shaft, or tunnel) is the storage tank
- is situated upon or above the surface of the floor.
- 30 § 88104. Powers and Duties. The Agency shall have the

1 responsibility to:

11th

- 2 (a) Develop and administer a territorial underground
- 3 storage tank program pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter;
- 4 (b) Study, investigate, or cause to be studied and
- 5 investigated, pollution from underground storage tanks and causes,
- 6 prevention, control, and abatement thereof, as deemed necessary to
- 7 protect human health and the environment;
- 8 (c) Provide technical assistance to local and federal
- 9 agencies, and other persons, and cooperate with appropriate local
- 10 agencies and private organizations in carrying out the duties of
- this Chapter;
- 12 (d) Serve as the official territorial representative for
- 13 all purposes of Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and
- Recovery Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-580) as amended, and for the
- 15 purpose of such other territorial or federal legislation as may
- hereafter be enacted to assist in the management of underground
- 17 storage tanks;
- 18 (e) Prepare, adopt, promulgate, modify, update, repeal,
- 19 and enforce rules and regulations governing underground storage
- 20 tank design, construction, installation, release detection and
- 21 inventory control, compatibility, record maintenance, reporting,
- 22 corrective action, closure, and financial responsibility in order
- 23 to conserve the land and water resources of the Territory, protect
- 24 the public health, prevent environmental pollution and public
- nuisances, and enable it to carry out the purposes and provisions
- 26 of this Chapter;
- 27 (f) Establish the procedures for review and issuance of
- permits governing the design, operation, and closure of underground
- 29 storage tanks;
- 30 (g) Prepare, issue, modify, revoke and enforce orders for

compliance with any of the provisions of this Chapter or of any rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto and requiring the taking of such remedial measures for underground storage tank management as may be necessary or appropriate to implement or effectuate the provisions and purposes of this Chapter;

- (h) Prepare, adopt, promulgate, modify, update, repeal, and enforce such other rules and regulations as may be necessary to establish an underground storage tank program which meets the requirements of Section 9004 of Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-580) as amended, and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.
- \$ 88105. Notification Requirements.

- (a) Any owner who brings into use an underground storage tank after the effective date of this Chapter shall notify the Agency within thirty (30) days after the tank is brought into use and specify information including, but not limited to, the age, size, type, location, and uses of the tank. Notice shall be made on an approved form of notice provided by the Agency.
- 19 (b) The owner of an existing underground tank taken out
 20 of operation or removed from the ground after the effective date of
 21 this Chapter shall notify the Agency within thirty (30) days of
 22 such action. Notices shall include, but not limited to, at least
 23 the following specifications:
 - The date the tanks was taken out of operation;
- 25 (2) The age of the tank on the date taken out of operation;
- 27 (3) The size, type, and location of the tank; and
- 28 (4) The type and quantity of substances left stored 29 in the tank on the date taken out of operation or removed.
- 30 § 88106. New Tank Standards.

(a) From and after the effective date of this Chapter and until the effective date of new tank performance standards promulgated thereunder, no person may install an underground storage tank unless the tank meets all of the following

requirements:

- (1) The tank will prevent releases of the stored regulated substances due to corrosion or structural failure for the operational life of the tank;
- (2) The tank is cathodically protected against corrosion, constructed of noncorrosive material, or designed in a manner to prevent the release or threatened release of the stored regulated substance; and
- 13 (3) The material used in the construction or lining
 14 of the tank is compatible with the substance to be stored.
 - (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), if the Administrator determines that soils at an installation location are not corrosive enough to cause an underground storage tank to have a release during its operating life and the Administrator determines that the tank is adequately protected, a storage tank without corrosion protection may be installed at that location.
 - (c) The performance standards for new underground storage tanks shall include, but are not limited to, design, construction, installation, release detection, and compatibility standards.
- § 88107. Leak Detection and Record Maintenance.
 - (a) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall maintain a leak detection system, an inventory control system, and tank testing system, or a comparable system or method designed to identify releases in a manner consistent with the protection of human health and the environment.
- 30 (b) The owner or operator shall maintain systematic and

THE WASHINGTON THE PARTY OF THE

complete records of the information obtained from Subsection (a).

§ 88108. Reporting Requirements.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

- The owner and operator of an underground storage tank shall notify the Agency of each release from the tank as soon as practicable but no later than twenty-four (24) hours after the release is detected. The owner may contract with the operator to assume the obligations created by this Section.
- The operator of an underground storage tank shall notify the owner of each release from the tank as soon as 9 practicable but no later than twelve (12) hours after the release 10 11 is detected.
 - Notice by the operator and owner may be made orally or in writing but shall be followed within fourteen (14) days by a written report to the Agency that a release has been detected. written report shall include, but not be limited to, the nature of the release, the period of time over which the release occurred and the corrective action taken as of the date of the report and anticipated to be taken subsequent to the date of the report.
 - § 88109. Corrective Action.
 - When a release is discovered the owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall take immediate action to stop the release.
 - The owner or operator of an underground storage tank (b) shall take corrective action in response to the release of regulated substances from the tank in a manner consistent with future protection of human health and the environment, and restoration of the environment to a condition and quality acceptable to the Agency. The Agency may require the owner or operator to undertake such investigations, monitoring, surveys, testings and other information gathering as the Agency considers

- necessary or appropriate to:
- 2 (1) Identify the existence and extent of the
- 3 release;
- 4 (2) Identify the source and nature of the hazardous
- 5 substance involved; and
- 6 (3) Evaluate the extent of danger to human health,
- 7 safety, welfare or the environment.
- 8 (c) If the owner or operator does not take immediate
- 9 action to stop a release from an underground storage tank or
- immediately commence and promptly and adequately complete the
- 11 cleanup of a release, the Agency may stop the release or cleanup
- the release, or contract to stop the release or contract for
- 13 cleanup of the release.
- 14 (d) Whenever the Agency is authorized to act under
- subsection (c) of this section, the Agency directory or by contract
- may undertake such investigations, monitoring, surveys, testing and
- other information gathering as it may deem appropriate to identify
- 18 the existence and extent of the release, the source and nature of
- 19 the hazardous substance involved and the extent of danger to human
- 20 health, safety, welfare or the environment. In addition, the
- 21 Agency directly or by contract may undertake such planning, fiscal,
- 22 economic, engineering and other studies and investigations as it
- may deem appropriate to plan and direct cleanup actions, to recover
- 24 the costs thereof and legal costs.
- § 88110. Hazardous Substance Emergency Response and Remedial
- 26 Action Fund.
- 27 (a) There is established a fund to be known as the
- 28 Hazardous Substance Emergency Response and Remedial Action Fun,
- 29 hereafter referred to as the "Action Fund" which shall be used by
- 30 the Agency as a nonlapsing, revolving fund. The Legislature shall

1 make an initial, one time appropriation of Twenty Thousand Dollars

2 (\$20,000.00) to the Action Fund. All fees, reimbursements,

3 assessments, fines, bail forfeitures, and other funds collected or

4 received pursuant to this Chapter shall be deposited in the Action

5 Fund.

6

7

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

- (b) The Administrator shall administer the Action Fund and make disbursements from the fund for the following purposes:
- 8 (1) Funding actions and activities authorized under 9 Section 09 of this Chapter.
- 10 (2) Training of Agency employees involved in 11 regulation of underground storage of hazardous substances or 12 response to release of hazardous substances from underground 13 storage tanks.
 - (3) Providing for the general administration and implementation of this Chapter, including the purchase of equipment and payment of personnel costs of the Agency.
 - § 88111. Financial Responsibility.
 - (a) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall maintain evidence of financial responsibility for taking corrective action and compensating third parties for bodily injury and property damage caused by sudden and non-sudden accidental releases arising from the operation of an underground storage tank.
 - (b) If the owner or operator is in bankruptcy, reorganization, or arrangement pursuant to the federal bankruptcy law, or if jurisdiction in any state or federal court cannot be obtained over an owner or operator likely to be solvent at the time of judgment, any claim arising from conduct for which evidence of financial responsibility. In the case of action all rights and defenses which would have been available to the owner or operator if any action had been brought against the owner or operator by the

claimant and which would have been available to the guarantor if an action had been brought against the guarantor by the owner or operator.

- (c) The total liability of a guarantor shall be limited to the aggregate amount which the guarantor has provided as evidence of financial responsibility to the owner or operator under this subsection. This subsection does not limit any other territorial or federal statutory, contractual, or common law liability of a guarantor to its owner or operator, including, but not limited to, the liability of the guarantor for bad faith in negotiating or in failing to negotiate the settlement of any claim. This subsection does not diminish the liability of any person under section 107 or 111 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, Public Law 96-516, as amended, or other applicable law.
- \$ 88112. Closure. Closure of an underground storage tank
 shall be accomplished in a manner which prevents future releases of
 regulated substances.
- 19 § 88113. Tank Permit Requirements.

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

- 20 (a) No person shall own, install, or operate an underground storage tank unless a permit is obtained from the 22 Agency and upon payment of a fee to be prescribed by regulations. 23 All such permits shall be non-transferable and conditioned upon the 24 observance of the laws of the territory and rules and regulations.
- 25 (b) Each permit holder shall apply for the renewal of 26 each permit held, upon forms provided by the Agency, not less than 27 sixty (60) days prior to the expiration date of such undergrounds 28 storage tank permit to be renewed.
- 29 (c) Each permit application and each permit renewal application shall be submitted with evidence of financial

MANAGED AT GOVERNMENT TO THE

responsibility, in a sum established by the Administrator and conditioned on the fulfillment by the permit holder of the requirements of this Chapter and the rules and regulations authorized therein.

\$ 88114. Inspection and Entry. The Agency is hereby authorized to inspect all underground storage tanks at all reasonable times to insure compliance with the laws of the Territory, the provisions of this Chapter, and the rules and regulations authorized herein. This authority shall include, but not be limited to, obtaining from any owner or operator of an underground storage tank, upon request, information relating to such tanks, their associated equipment, and their contents; conducting monitoring and testing of tanks or surrounding soils, air, surface water or groundwater; inspecting and copying all records relating to tanks; and inspecting and obtaining samples of regulated substances contained in tanks.

\$ 88115. Confidentiality of Records. Records or other information furnished to or obtained by the Administrator concerning regulated substances are available to the public, except that any records and information which relate to trade secrets, processes, operations, style of work or apparatus or to the identity, confidential statistical data, amount or source of any income, profits, losses or expenditures of any person are only for the confidential use of the Agency in the administration of this Chapter unless the owner or operator expressly agrees to their publication or availability to the public. This Section does not prohibit the publishing of quantitative and qualitative statistics pertaining to the storage of regulated substances. Notwithstanding provisions to the contrary in this Section, information regarding the nature and quality of releases from underground storage tanks

otherwise reportable pursuant to this Chapter shall be available to the public.

§ 88116. Notice. Any notice, order or other official correspondence affecting the rights of any person under this Chapter shall be delivered by personal service, or sent by registered mail with a return receipt to the address of such person as shown by the records of the Agency. The return receipt, signed by the addressee, or his agent, shall be conclusive proof of delivery.

§ 88117. Hearings.

- (a) Any person who received an order from the Administrator as authorized by this Chapter and any person whose permit application is disapproved by the Administrator may, within fifteen (15) days of the date of receipt of such order or disapproval, file a notice of intent to appeal with the Board, setting forth in such notice a verified petition outlining the basis for such appeal.
- (60) days after receipt of such notice of appeal, hold a public hearing at which time the person appealing may appear and present evidence in person or through counsel in support of this petition.
- (c) The Board is hereby authorized to administer oaths and to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence in all such hearings. Transcripts may be made by either the Agency or the person appealing.
- 26 (d) The Board shall affirm, modify or revoke any action 27 which is appealed and shall notify the appellant of its decision 28 not more than thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the 29 hearing. Such notice shall be in writing and shall state the 30 reasons for the decision.

- (e) Any person may appeal such decision to the Superior Court of Guam by filing with the Agency a written notice of such intent to appeal within ten 910) days of the notice of Subsection (d) of this Section and shall have a transcript of the proceedings upon request. The person making the appeal shall pay the Agency for the expenses associated with the preparation of the requested transcript.
 - § 88118. Injunction. The Agency may maintain an action to restrain any violation or threatened violation of the provisions of this Chapter or the rules and regulations authorized herein. Such right to injunctive relief is in addition to any other powers or penalties conferred by this Chapter.
 - § 88119. Applicability to Government Agencies. Agencies of the Government of Guam and Government of the United States shall comply with all provisions of this Chapter including permit requirements with the exception of Sections 11 and 13(c).

§ 88120. Penalties.

- (a) Any person who violates any underground storage tank provisions of this Chapter, or any valid underground storage tank rule or regulation promulgated under this Chapter, or who refuses or neglects to comply with any lawful order issued by the Administrator in carrying out the provisions of this chapter shall forfeit and pay the Government of Guam a civil penalty not less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) for each tank for each day of violation.
- (b) Any person with an interest, which is or may be adversely affected by a violation of this Chapter, may intervene as a matter of right in any civil action brought by the Agency to require compliance with the provisions of this Chapter.
 - (c) Any person who knowingly fails to notify or makes any

THE PERSON OF TH

false statement or representation in any underground storage tank notification, permit application, or other document filed, maintained, or used for purposes of compliance with the provisions of this Chapter, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned not less than six (6) months or be fined not less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) per day for each violation, or both.

REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE

TWENTTETH GUAM LEGISLATURE 1989 (FIRST) REGULAR SESSION

JAN 0 4 '89 .

BILL NO. 284/15/

Introduced by:

. In D. Manihusan

AN ACT CREATING A NEW CHAPTER 88 OF TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED PROVIDING FOR THE UNDERGROUND STORAGE, OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

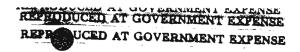
- Section 1. Act. This Act shall be known as the "Underground Storage of Hazardous Substances Act".
- Section 2. Findings of Necessity and Statement of Purpose.
 - (a) The people of this Territory find:
 - (1) Substances hazardous to the public health and and safety, and to the environment, are stored prior to use in hundreds of underground locations in the territory.
 - (2) Underground tanks used for the storage of hazardous substances are potential sources of contamination of the ground, underlying sole source aquifer, surface or marine waters, and may pose other dangers to public health and the environment.
 - (3) In several states, underground storage has resulted in undetected and uncontrolled releases of hazardous substances into the ground. These releases have contaminated public drinking water supplies and created a potential threat to the public health and to the waters of these states.
 - (4) Current laws do not specifically govern the construction, maintenance, testing, and use of underground tanks used for the storage of hazardous substances for the purposes of protecting the public health and the environment.

- (5) The protection of the public from releases of hazardous substances is an issue of territorial concern.
- (b) It is hereby declared to be the purpose of this Chapter to:
 - (1) Establish a continuing program for preventing contamination from, and improper storage of, hazardous substances stored underground.
 - (2) Establish orderly procedures that will ensure that newly constructed underground storage tanks meet appropriate standards.
 - (3) Establish orderly procedures that will ensure that existing tanks be properly maintained, inspected, and tested so that the health, property, and resources of the people of the territory will be protected.

Section 03. Definitions. For the purpose of this Chapter, the following definitions apply:

- (a) "Administrator" shall mean the Administrator of the Guam Environmental Protection Agency or his designee.
- (b) "Agency" shall mean the Guam Environmental Protection Agency.
- (c) "Board" shall mean the Board of Directors of the Guam Environmental Protection Agency.
- (d) "Guarantor" shall mean any person, other than the owner or the operator, who provides evidence of financial responsibility for the underground storage tank.
- (e) "Operator" shall mean any person in control of, or having responsibility for, the daily operation of the underground storage tank.
- (f) "Owner" shall mean:
 - (1) In the case of an underground storage tank in use or brought into use on or after the effective date of this Chapter, any person who owns an underground storage tank used for the storage, use, or dispensing of regulated substances; and
 - (2) In the case of an underground storage tank in use before the effective date of this Chapter, but no longer in use after that date, any person who owned such tank immediately before the discontinuation of its use.

- (g) "Person" shall mean an individual, trust, firm, joint stock company, corporation (including a government corporation), partnership, consortium, joint venture, commercial entity, association, a political subdivision of the Territory, interstate body, or any agency, department, or instrumentality of the Federal Government or Government of Guam, or any other legal representative, agency or assigns.
- (h) "Regulated Substance" or "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any element, compound, mixture, solution, or substance that, when released into the environment, may present substantial danger to the public health, welfare, or the environment. The term includes:
 - (1) Any substance defined in Section 101(14) of the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, Public Law 96-510, as amended, [but not including any substance regulated as a hazardous waste under Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-580) as amended]; or
 - (2) Petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof, which is liquid at standard conditions of temperature and pressure (60 degrees Fahrenheit and 14.7 pounds per square inch absolute); and
 - (3) Any other substance as designated by the Administrator.
- (i) "Release" includes, but is not limited to, any spilling, leaking, emitting, discharging, escaping, leaching, or disposing from an underground storage tank into groundwater, surface water, or subsurface soils.
- (j) "Underground Storage Tank" shall mean any one or combination of tanks (including underground pipes connected thereto) used to contain an accumulation of regulated substances, and the volume of which (including the volume of the underground pipes connected thereto) is ten percent or more beneath the surface of the ground. "Underground Storage Tank" does not include any of the following:
 - (1) Farm or residential tank of 1100 gallons or less capacity used for storing motor fuel for noncommercial purposes;
 - (2) Septic tank;
 - (3) Pipeline facility (including gathering lines) regulated under:
 - (A) The Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968, Public Law 90-481, as amended;
 - (B) The Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Safety Act of 1979, Public Law 96-129, as amended;



- (4) Surface impoundment, pit, pond, or lagoon;
- (5) Storm water or waste water collection system;
- (6) Flow-through process tank;
- (7) Liquid trap or associated gathering lines directly related to oil or gas production and gathering operations;
- (8) Storage tank situated in an underground area (such as a basement, cellar, shaft, or tunnel) if the storage tank is situated upon or above the surface of the floor.

Section 04. Powers and Duties. The Agency shall have the responsibility to:

- (a) Develop and administer a territorial underground storage tank program pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter;
- (b) Study, investigate, or cause to be studied and investigated, pollution from underground storage tanks and causes, prevention, control, and abatement thereof, as deemed necessary to protect human health and the environment;
- (c) Provide technical assistance to local and federal agencies; and other persons, and cooperate with appropriate local agencies and private organizations in carrying out the duties of this Chapter;
- (d) Serve as the official territorial representative for all purposes of Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-580) as amended, and for the purpose of such other territorial or federal legislation as may hereafter be enacted to assist in the management of underground storage tanks;
- (e) Prepare, adopt, promulgate, modify, update, repeal, and enforce rules and regulations governing underground storage tank design, construction, installation, release detection and inventory control, compatibility, record maintenance, reporting, corrective action, closure, and financial responsibility in order to conserve the land and water resources of the Territory, protect the public health, prevent environmental pollution and public nuisances, and enable it to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Chapter;
- (f) Establish the procedures for review and issuance of permits governing the design, operation, and closure of underground storage tanks;
- (g) Prepare, issue, modify, revoke and enforce orders for compliance with any of the provisions of this Chapter or of any rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto and requiring the taking of such remedial measures for underground storage tank management as may be necessary or appropriate to implement or effectuate the provisions and purposes of this Chapter;

(h) Prepare, adopt, promulgate, modify, update, repeal, and enforce such other rules and regulations as may be necessary to establish an underground storage tank program which meets the requirements of Section 9004 of Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-580) as amended, and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

Section 05. Notification Requirements.

- (a) Any owner who brings into use an underground storage tank after the effective date of this Chapter shall notify the Agency within thirty (30) days after the tank is brought into use and specify information including, but not limited to, the age, size, type, location, and uses of the tank. Notice shall be made on an approved form of notice provided by the Agency.
- (b) The owner of an existing underground tank taken out of operation or removed from the ground after the effective date of this Chapter shall notify the Agency within thirty (30) days of such action. Notices shall include, but not limited to, at least the following specifications:
 - (1) The date the tank was taken out of operation;
 - (2) The age of the tank on the date taken out of operation;
 - (3) The size, type, and location of the tank; and
 - (4) The type and quantity of substances left stored in the tank on the date taken out of operation or removed.

Section 06. New Tank Standards.

- (a) From and after the effective date of this Chapter and until the effective date of new tank performance standards promulgated thereunder, no person may install an underground storage tank unless the tank meets all of the following requirements:
 - (1) The tank will prevent releases of the stored regulated substances due to corrosion or structural failure for the operational life of the tank;
 - (2) The tank is cathodically protected against corrosion, constructed of noncorrosive material, or designed in a manner to prevent the release or threatened release of the stored regulated substance; and
 - (3) The material used in the construction or lining of the tank is compatible with the substance to be stored.

- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), if soil tests conducted by the owner in accordance with ASTM Standard G57-78, or a similar standard, show that soil resistivity in an installation location is twelve thousand (12,000) ohm/cm or more and provided the Administrator determines the tank is adequately protected, a storage tank without corrosion protection may be installed in that location.
- (c) The performance standards for new underground storage tanks shall include, but are not limited to, design, construction, installation, release detection, and compatibility standards.

Section 07. Leak Detection and Record Maintenance.

- (a) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall maintain a leak detection system, an inventory control system, and tank testing system, or a comparable system or method designed to identify releases in a manner consistent with the protection of human health and the environment.
- (b) The owner or operator shall maintain systematic and complete records of the information obtained from Subsection (a).

Section 08. Reporting Requirements.

- (a) The owner and operator of an underground storage tank shall notify the Agency of each release from the tank as soon as practicable but no later than twenty-four (24) hours after the release is detected. The owner may by contract with the operator to assume the obligations created by this Section.
- (b) The operator of an underground storage tank shall notify the owner of each release from the tank as soon as practicable but no later than twenty-four (24) hours after the release is detected.
- (c) Notice by the operator and owner may be made orally or in writing but shall be followed within fourteen (14) days by a written report to the Agency that a release has been detected. The written report shall include, but not be limited to, the nature of the release, the regulated substance released, the quantity of the release, the period of time over which the release occurred and the corrective action taken as of the date of the report and anticipated to be taken subsequent to the date of the report.

Section 09. Corrective Action.

(a) When a release is discovered the owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall take immediate action to stop the release.



(b) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall take corrective action in response to the release of regulated substances from the tank in a manner consistent with future protection of human health and the environment, and restoration of the environment to a condition and quality acceptable to the Agency.

Section 10. Financial Responsibility.

- (a) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall maintain evidence of financial responsibility for taking corrective action and compensating third parties for bodily injury and property damage caused by sudden and non-sudden accidental releases arising from the operation of an underground storage tank.
- (b) If the owner or operator is in bankruptcy, reorganization, or arrangement pursuant to the federal bankruptcy law, or if jurisdiction in any state or federal court cannot be obtained over an owner or operator likely to be solvent at the time of judgment, any claim arising from conduct for which evidence of financial responsibility must be provided under this subsection may be asserted directly against the guarantor providing the evidence of financial responsibility. In the case of action pursuant to this subsection, the guarantor is entitled to invoke all rights and defenses which would have been available to the owner or operator if any action had been brought against the owner or operator by the claimant and which would have been available to the guarantor if an action had been brought against the guarantor by the owner or operator.
- (c) The total liability of a guarantor shall be limited to the aggregate amount which the guarantor has provided as evidence of financial responsibility to the owner or operator under this subsection. This subsection does not limit any other territorial or federal statutory, contractual, or common law liability of a guarantor to its owner or operator, including, but not limited to, the liability of the guarantor for bad faith in negotiating or in failing to negotiate the settlement of any claim. This subsection does not diminish the liability of any person under section 107 or 111 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, Public Law 96-516, as amended, or other applicable law.

Section 11. Closure. Closure of an underground storage tank shall be accomplished in a manner which prevents future releases of regulated substances.

Section 12. Tank Permit Requirements.

- (a) No person shall own, install, or operate an underground storage tank unless a permit is obtained from the Agency and upon payment of a fee to be prescribed by regulations. All such permits shall be non-transferable and conditioned upon the observance of the laws of the territory and rules and regulations.
- (b) Each permit holder shall apply for the renewal of each permit held, upon forms provided by the Agency, not less than sixty (60) days prior to the expiration date of such underground storage tank permit to be renewed.
- (c) Each permit application and each permit renewal application shall be submitted with evidence of financial responsibility, in a sum established by the Administrator and conditioned on the fulfillment by the permit holder of the requirements of this Chapter and the rules and regulations authorized therein.

Section 13. Inspection and Entry. The Agency is hereby authorized to inspect all underground storage tanks at all reasonable times to insure compliance with the laws of the Territory, the provisions of this Chapter, and the rules and regulations authorized herein. This authority shall include obtaining from any owner or operator of an underground storage tank, upon request, information relating to such tanks, their associated equipment, and their contents; conducting monitoring and testing of tanks or surrounding soils, air, surface water or groundwater; inspecting and copying all records relating to tanks; and inspecting and obtaining samples of regulated substances contained in tanks.

Section 14. Confidentiality of Records. Records or other information furnished to or obtained by the Administrator concerning regulated substances are available to the public, except that any records and information which relate to trade secrets, processes, operations, style of work or apparatus or to the identity, confidential statistical data, amount or source of any income, profits, losses or expenditures of any person are only for the confidential use of the Agency in the Administration of this Chapter unless the owner or operator expressly agrees to their publication or availability to the public. This Section does not prohibit the publishing of quantitative and qualitative statistics pertaining to the storage of regulated substances. Notwithstanding provisions to the contrary in this Section, information regarding the nature and quality of releases from underground storage tanks otherwise reportable pursuant to this Chapter shall be available to the public.

Section 15. Notice. Any notice, order or other official correspondence affecting the rights of any person under this Chapter shall be delivered by personal service, or sent by registered mail with a return receipt to the address of such person as shown by the records of the Agency. The return receipt, signed by the addressee, or his agent, shall be conclusive proof of delivery.



Section 16. Hearings.

- (a) Any person who received an order from the Administrator as authorized by this Chapter and any person whose permit application is disapproved by the Administrator may, within fifteen (15) days of the date of receipt of such order or disapproval, file a notice of intent to appeal with the Board, setting forth in such notice a verified petition outlining the basis for such appeal.
- (b) The Board of Directors shall, not more than sixty (60) days after receipt of such notice of appeal, hold a public hearing at which time the person appealing may appeal and present evidence in person or through counsel in support of this petition.
- (c) The Board is hereby authorized to administer oaths and to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence in all such hearings. Transcripts may be made by either the Agency or the person appealing.
- (d) The Board shall affirm, modify or revoke any action which is appealed and shall notify the appellant of its decision not more than thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the hearing. Such notice shall be in writing and shall state the reasons for the decision.
- (e) Any person may appeal such decision to the Superior Court of Guam by filing with the Agency a written notice of such intent to appeal within ten (10) days of the notice in Subsection (d) of this Section and shall have a transcript of the proceedings upon request.

Section 17. Injunction. The Agency shall maintain an action to restrain any violation or threatened violation of the provisions of this Chapter or the rules and regulations authorized herein. Such right to injunctive relief is in addition to any other powers or penalties conferred by this Chapter.

Section 18. Applicability to Government Agencies. Agencies of the Government of Guam and Government of the United States shall comply with all provisions of this Chapter including permit requirements with the exception of Sections 10 and 12 (c).

Section 19. Penalties.

(a) Any person who violates any underground storage tank provisions of this Chapter, or any valid underground storage tank rule or regulation promulgated under this Chapter, or who refuses or neglects to comply with any lawful order issued by the Administrator in carrying out the provisions of this chapter shall forfeit and pay the Government of Guam a civil penalty of not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) for each tank for each day of violation.

- (b) Any person with an interest, which is or may be adversely affected by a violation of this Chapter, may intervene as a matter of right in any civil action brought by the Agency to require compliance with the provisions of this chapter.
- (c) Any person who knowingly fails to notify or makes any false statement or representation in any underground storage tank notification, permit application, or other document filed, maintained, or used for purposes of compliance with the provision of this Chapter, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned not to exceed six (6) months or be fined no more than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) per day for each violation, or both.



GUAM ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

AHENSIAN PRUTEKSION LINA'LA GUAHAN
POST OFFICE BOX 2999 AGANA, GUAM 96910 TELEPHONE: (671) 646-8863/64/65 FAX: 646-9402

JUN 15 1989

Honorable Madeleine Z. Bordallo Chairperson, Committee on Health Welfare and Ecology Twentieth Guam Legislature 163 Chalan Santo Papa Agana, Guam 96910

Dear Senator Bordallo:

We have reviewed Bill No. 284 relative to creating a new Chapter 88 of Title 10 GCA relative to the underground storage of hazardous substances.

We are very supportive of the intent of Bill No. 284 in that it will enable the Guam EPA to control the installation and operation of underground storage tanks containing petroleum and other hazardous substances. However, we wish to substitute Bill No. 284 with our enclosed amended version of this Bill. Guam EPA's amended version has deleted Subsection 03(j)(1); added Subsections 09(c) and (d) to Section 09; added a new Section 10; amended Subsections 06(b) and 08(b), Section 17, Subsections 19(a) and 19(c).

We appreciate the opportunity provided our Agency to review Bill No. 284. Should you have any questions or require further clarification on our substitute Bill, I will be happy to provide your Committee with further information.

Sincerely yours,

ROLANDO H. SOLIVIO
Acting Administrator

Enclosure

"ALL LIVING THINGS OF THE EARTH ARE ONE"

CHAPTER ____

UNDERGROUND STORAGE OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES

Section 01 . Act

Section 02 . Findings of Necessity and Statement of Purpose

Section 03 . Definitions

Section 04 . Powers and Duties.

Section 05 . Notification Requirements.

Section 06 . New Tank Standards.

Section 07 . Leak Detection and Record Maintenance.

Section 08 . Reporting Requirements.

Section 09 . Corrective Action.

Section 10 . Hazardous Substance Emergency Response and Remedial Action Fund

Section 11 . Financial Responsibility.

Section 12 . Closure.

Section 13 . Tank Permit Requirements.

Section 14 . Inspection and Entry.

Section 15 . Confidentiality of Information.

Section 16 . Notice.
Section 17 . Hearings.
Section 18 . Injunction.

Section 19 . Applicability to Government Agencies.

Section 20 . Penalties.

Section 01. Act. This Act shall be known as the "Underground Storage of Hazardous Substances Act".

Section 02. Findings of Necessity and Statement of Purpose.

(a) The people of this Territory find:

- (1) Substances hazardous to the public health and safety, and to the environment, are stored prior to use in hundreds of underground locations in the territory.
- (2) Underground tanks used for the storage of hazardous substances are potential sources of contamination of the ground, underlying sole source aquifer, surface or marine waters, and may pose other dangers to public health and the environment.
- (3) In several states, underground storage has resulted in undetected and uncontrolled releases of hazardous substances into the ground. These releases have contaminated public drinking water supplies and created a potential threat to the public health and to the waters of these states.
- (4) Current laws do not specifically govern the construction, maintenance, testing, and use of underground tanks used for the storage of hazardous substances for the purposes of protecting the public health and the environment.

- (5) The protection of the public from releases of hazardous substances is an issue of territorial concern.
- (b) It is hereby declared to be the purpose of this Chapter to:
 - (1) Establish a continuing program for preventing contamination from, and improper storage of, hazardous substances stored underground.
 - (2) Establish orderly procedures that will ensure that newly constructed underground storage tanks meet appropriate standards.
 - (3) Establish orderly procedures that will ensure that existing tanks be properly maintained, inspected, and tested so that the health, property, and resources of the people of the territory will be protected.

Section 03. Definitions. For the purpose of this Chapter, the following definitions apply:

- (a) "Alministrator" shall mean the Administrator of the Guam Environmental Protection Agency or his designee.
- (b) "Agency" shall mean the Guam Environmental Protection Agency.
- (c) "Board" shall mean the Board of Directors of the Guam Environmental Protection Agency.
- (d) "Guarantor" shall mean any person, other than the owner or the operator, who provides evidence of financial responsibility for the underground storage tank.
- (e) "Operator" shall mean any person in control of, or having responsibility for, the daily operation of the underground storage tank.
- (f) "Owner" shall mean:
 - (1) In the case of an underground storage tank in use or brought into use on or after the effective date of this Chapter, any person who owns an underground storage tank used for the storage, use, or dispensing of regulated substances; and
 - (2) In the case of an underground storage tank in use before the effective date of this Chapter, but no longer in use after that date, any person who owned such tank immediately before the discontinuation of its use.

(g) "Person" shall mean an individual, trust, firm, joint stock company, corporation (including a government corporation), partnership, consortium, joint venture, commercial entity, association, a political subdivision of the Territory, interstate body, or any agency, department, or instrumentality of the Federal Government or Government of Guam, or any other legal representative, agency or assigns.

AS AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF

- (h) "Regulated Substance" or "Hazardous Substance" shall mean any element, compound, mixture, solution, or substance that, when released into the environment, may present substantial danger to the public health, welfare, or the environment. The term includes:
 - (1) Any substance defined in Section 101(14) of the federal Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, Public Law 96-510, as amended, [but not including any substance regulated as a hazardous waste under Subtitle C of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-530) as amended]; or
 - (2) Petroleum, including crude oil or any fraction thereof, which is liquid at standard conditions of temperature and pressure (60 degrees Fahrenheit and 14.7 pounds per square inch absolute); and
 - (3) Any other substance as designated by the Administrator.
- (i) "Release" includes, but is not limited to, any spilling, leaking, emitting, discharging, escaping, leaching, or disposing from an underground storage tank into groundwater, surface water, or subsurface soils.
- (j) "Underground Storage Tank" shall mean any one or combination of tanks (including underground pipes connected thereto) used to contain an accumulation of regulated substances, and the volume of which (including the volume of the underground pipes connected thereto) is ten percent or more beneath the surface of the ground. "Underground Storage Tank" does not include any of the following:
 - (1) Septic tank;
 - (2) Pipeline facility (including gathering lines) regulated under:
 - (A) The Natural Gas Pipeline Safety Act of 1968, Public Law 90-481, as amended;
 - (B) The Hazardous Liquid Pipeline Safety Act of 1979, Public Law 96-129, as amended;
 - (3) Surface impoundment, pit, pond, or lagoon;

- (4) Storm water or waste water collection system;
- (5) Flow-through process tank;
- (6) Liquid trap or associated gathering lines directly related to oil or gas production and gathering operations;
- (7) Storage tank situated in an underground area (such as a basement, cellar, shaft, or tunnel) if the storage tank is situated upon or above the surface of the floor.

Section 04. Powers and Duties. The Agency shall have the responsibility to:

- (a) Develop and administer a territorial underground storage tank program pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter;
- (b) Study, investigate, or cause to be studied and investigated, pollution from underground storage tanks and causes, prevention, control, and abatement thereof, as deemed necessary to protect human health and the environment;
- (c) Provide technical assistance to local and federal agencies, and other persons, and cooperate with appropriate local agencies and private organizations in carrying out the duties of this Chapter;
- (d) Serve as the official territorial representative for all purposes of Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-580) as amended, and for the purpose of such other territorial or federal legislation as may hereafter be enacted to assist in the management of underground storage tanks;
- (e) Prepare, adopt, promulgate, modify, update, repeal, and enforce rules and regulations governing underground storage tank design, construction, installation, release detection and inventory control, compatibility, record maintenance, reporting, corrective action, closure, and financial responsibility in order to conserve the land and water resources of the Territory, protect the public health, prevent environmental pollution and public nuisances, and enable it to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Chapter;
- (f) Establish the procedures for review and issuance of permits governing the design, operation, and closure of underground storage tanks;
- (g) Prepare, issue, modify, revoke and enforce orders for compliance with any of the provisions of this Chapter or of any rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto and requiring the taking of such remedial measures for underground storage tank management as may be necessary or appropriate to implement or effectuate the provisions and purposes of this Chapter;

...

(h) Prepare, adopt, promulgate, modify, update, repeal, and enforce such other rules and regulations as may be necessary to establish an underground storage tank program which meets the requirements of Section 9004 of Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (Public Law 94-580) as amended, and regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.

CAL SOCIETY SAMPHINGS SOCIETY

Section 05. Notification Requirements.

- (a) Any owner who brings into use an underground storage tank after the effective date of this Chapter shall notify the Agency within thirty (30) days after the tank is brought into use and specify information including, but not limited to, the age, size, type, location, and uses of the tank. Notice shall be made on an approved form of notice provided by the Agency.
- (b) The owner of an existing underground tank taken out of operation or removed from the ground after the effective date of this Chapter shall notify the Agency within thirty (30) days of such action. Notices shall include, but not limited to, at least the following specifications:
 - The date the tank was taken out of operation;
 - (2) The age of the tank on the date taken out of operation;
 - (3) The size, type, and location of the tank; and
 - (4) The type and quantity of substances left stored in the tank on the date taken out of operation or removed.

Section 06. New Tank Standards.

- (a) From and after the effective date of this Chapter and until the effective date of new tank performance standards promulgated thereunder, no person may install an underground storage tank unless the tank meets all of the following requirements:
 - (1) The tank will prevent releases of the stored regulated substances due to corrosion or structural failure for the operational life of the tank;
 - (2) The tank is cathodically protected against corrosion, constructed of noncorrosive material, or designed in a manner to prevent the release or threatened release of the stored regulated substance; and
 - (3) The material used in the construction or lining of the tank is compatible with the substance to be stored.

- WELL AND ASSESSMENT ASS
- (b) Notwithstanding Subsection (a), if the Administrator determines that soils at an installation location are not corrosive enough to cause an underground storage tank to have a release during its operating life and the Administrator determines that the tank is adequately protected, a storage tank without corrosion protection may be installed at that location.
- (c) The performance standards for new underground storage tanks shall include, but are not limited to, design, construction, installation, release detection, and compatibility standards.

Section 07. Leak Detection and Record Maintenance.

- (a) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall maintain a leak detection system, an inventory control system, and tank testing system, or a comparable system or method designed to identify releases in a manner consistent with the protection of human health and the environment.
- (b) The owner or operator shall maintain systematic and complete records of the information obtained from Subsection (a).

Section 08. Reporting Requirements.

- (a) The owner and operator of an underground storage tank shall notify the Agency of each release from the tank as soon as practicable but no later than twenty-four (24) hours after the release is detected. The owner may contract with the operator to assume the obligations created by this Section.
- (b) The operator of an underground storage tank shall notify the owner of each release from the tank as soon as practicable but no later than twelve (12) hours after the release is detected.
- (c) Notice by the operator and owner may be made orally or in writing but shall be followed within fourteen (14) days by a written report to the Agency that a release has been detected. The written report shall include, but not be limited to, the nature of the release, the regulated substance released, the quantity of the release, the period of time over which the release occurred and the corrective action taken as of the date of the report and anticipated to be taken subsequent to the date of the report.

Section 09. Corrective Action.

(a) When a release is discovered the owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall take immediate action to stop the release.

- ALLEGE AN ESTENDED TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY
- (b) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall take corrective action in response to the release of regulated substances from the tank in a manner consistent with future protection of human health and the environment, and restoration of the environment to a condition and quality acceptable to the Agency. The Agency may require the owner or operator to undertake such investigations, monitoring, surveys, testings and other information gathering as the Agency considers necessary or appropriate to:
 - (1) Identify the existence and extent of the release;
 - (2) Identify the source and nature of the hazardous substance involved; and
 - (3) Evaluate the extent of danger to human health, safety, welfare or the environment.
- (c) If the owner or operator does not take immediate action to stop a release from an underground storage tank or immediately commence and promptly and adequately complete the cleanup of a release, the Agency may stop the release or cleanup the release, or contract to stop the release or contract for cleanup of the release.
- (d) Whenever the Agency is authorized to act under subsection (c) of this section, the Agency directly or by contract may undertake such investigations, monitoring, surveys, testing and other information gathering as it may deem appropriate to identify the existence and extent of the release, the source and nature of the hazardous substance involved and the extent of danger to human health, safety, welfare or the environment. In addition, the Agency directly or by contract may undertake such planning, fiscal, economic, engineering and other studies and investigations as it may deem appropriate to plan and direct cleanup actions, to recover the costs thereof and legal costs.
- Section 10. Hazardous Substance Emergency Response and Remedial Action Fund
 - (a) There is established a fund to be known as the Hazardous Substance Emergency Response and Remedial Action Fund, hereafter referred to as the "Action Fund" which shall be used by the Agency as a nonlapsing, revolving fund. The Legislature shall make an initial, one time appropriation of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) to the Action Fund. All fees, reimbursements, assessments, fines, bail forfeitures, and other funds collected or received pursuant to this Chapter shall be deposited in the Action Fund.

- (b) The Administrator shall administer the Action Fund and make disbursements from the fund for the following purposes:
 - (1) Funding actions and activities authorized under Section 09 of this Chapter.

- (2) Training of Agency employees involved in regulation of underground storage of hazardous substances or response to releases of hazardous substances from underground storage tanks.
- (3) Providing for the general administration and implementation of this Chapter, including the purchase of equipment and payment of personnel costs of the Agency.

Section 11. Financial Responsibility.

- (a) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall maintain evidence of financial responsibility for taking corrective action and compensating third parties for bodily injury and property damage caused by sudden and non-sudden accidental releases arising from the operation of an underground storage tank.
- (b) If the owner or operator is in bankruptcy, reorganization, or arrangement pursuant to the federal bankruptcy law, or if jurisdiction in any state or federal court cannot be obtained over an owner or operator likely to be solvent at the time of judgment, any claim arising from conduct for which evidence of financial responsibility must be provided under this subsection may be asserted directly against the guarantor providing the evidence of financial responsibility. In the case of action pursuant to this subsection, the guarantor is entitled to invoke all rights and defenses which would have been available to the owner or operator if any action had been brought against the owner or operator by the claimant and which would have been available to the guarantor if an action had been brought against the guarantor by the owner or operator.
- (c) The total liability of a guarantor shall be limited to the aggregate amount which the guarantor has provided as evidence of financial responsibility to the owner or operator under this subsection. This subsection does not limit any other territorial or federal statutory, contractual, or common law liability of a guarantor to its owner or operator, including, but not limited to, the liability of the guarantor for bad faith in negotiating or in failing to negotiate the settlement of any claim. This subsection does not diminish the liability of any person under section 107 or 111 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, Public Law 96-516, as amended, or other applicable law.

O

REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT EXPENSE

Section 12. Closure. Closure of an underground storage tank shall be accomplished in a manner which prevents future releases of regulated substances.

Section 13. Tank Permit Requirements.

- (a) No person shall own, install, or operate an underground storage tank unless a permit is obtained from the Agency and upon payment of a fee to be prescribed by regulations. All such permits shall be non-transferable and conditioned upon the observance of the laws of the territory and rules and regulations.
- (b) Each permit holder shall apply for the renewal of each permit held, upon forms provided by the Agency, not less than sixty (60) days prior to the expiration date of such underground storage tank permit to be renewed.
- (c) Each permit application and each permit renewal application shall be submitted with evidence of financial responsibility, in a sum established by the Administrator and conditioned on the fulfillment by the permit holder of the requirements of this Chapter and the rules and regulations authorized therein.

Section 14. Inspection and Entry. The Agency is hereby authorized to inspect all underground storage tanks at all reasonable times to insure compliance with the laws of the Territory, the provisions of this Chapter, and the rules and regulations authorized herein. This authority shall include, but not be limited to, obtaining from any owner or operator of an underground storage tank, upon request, information relating to such tanks, their associated equipment, and their contents; conducting monitoring and testing of tanks or surrounding soils, air, surface water or groundwater; inspecting and copying all records relating to tanks; and inspecting and obtaining samples of regulated substances contained in tanks.

Section 15. Confidentiality of Records. Records or other information furnished to or obtained by the Administrator concerning regulated substances are available to the public, except that any records and information which relate to trade secrets, processes, operations, style of work or apparatus or to the identity, confidential statistical data, amount or source of any income, profits, losses or expenditures of any person are only for the confidential use of the Agency in the administration of this Chapter unless the owner or operator expressly agrees to their publication or availability to the public. This Section does not prohibit the publishing of quantitative and qualitative statistics pertaining to the storage of regulated substances. Notwithstanding provisions to the contrary in this Section, information regarding the nature and quality of releases from underground storage tanks otherwise reportable pursuant to this Chapter shall be available to the public.

Section 16. Notice. Any notice, order or other official correspondence affecting the rights of any person under this Chapter shall be delivered by personal service, or sent by registered mail with a return receipt to the address of such person as shown by the records of the Agency. The return receipt, signed by the addressee, or his agent, shall be conclusive proof of delivery.

Section 17. Hearings.

- (a) Any person who received an order from the Administrator as authorized by this Chapter and any person whose permit application is disapproved by the Administrator may, within fifteen (15) days of the date of receipt of such order or disapproval, file a notice of intent to appeal with the Board, setting forth in such notice a verified petition outlining the basis for such appeal.
- (b) The Board of Directors shall, not more than sixty (60) days after receipt of such notice of appeal, hold a public hearing at which time the person appealing may appear and present evidence in person or through counsel in support of this petition.
- (c) The Board is hereby authorized to administer oaths and to issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence in all such hearings. Transcripts may be made by either the Agency or the person appealing.
- (d) The Board shall affirm, modify or revoke any action which is appealed and shall notify the appellant of its decision not more than thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the hearing. Such notice shall be in writing and shall state the reasons for the decision.
- (e) Any person may appeal such decision to the Superior Court of Guam by filing with the Agency a written notice of such intent to appeal within ten (10) days of the notice in Subsection (d) of this Section and shall have a transcript of the proceedings upon request. The person making the appeal shall pay the Agency for the expenses associated with the preparation of the requested transcript.

Section 18. Injunction. The Agency may maintain an action to restrain any violation or threatened violation of the provisions of this Chapter or the rules and regulations authorized herein. Such right to injunctive relief is in addition to any other powers or penalties conferred by this Chapter.

Section 19. Applicability to Government Agencies. Agencies of the Government of Guam and Government of the United States shall comply with all provisions of this Chapter including permit requirements with the exception of Sections 11 and 13 (c).

REPRODUCED AT GOVERNMENT BAPENSE

Section 20. Penalties.

- (a) Any person who violates any underground storage tank provisions of this Chapter, or any valid underground storage tank rule or regulation promulgated under this Chapter, or who refuses or neglects to comply with any lawful order issued by the Administrator in carrying out the provisions of this chapter shall forfeit and pay the Government of Guam a civil penalty not less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) for each tank for each day of violation.
- (b) Any person with an interest, which is or may be adversely affected by a violation of this Chapter, may intervene as a matter of right in any civil action brought by the Agency to require compliance with the provisions of this Chapter.
- (c) Any person who knowingly fails to notify or makes any false statement or representation in any underground storage tank notification, permit application, or other document filed, maintained, or used for purposes of compliance with the provisions of this Chapter, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned not less than six (6) months or be fined not less than Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) per day for each violation, or both.



Twentieth Guam Legislature

163 Chalan Santo Papa Street Agana, Guam 96910

PHONE NOS. 472-3450/3451

June 20, 1989

MARILYN D.A. MANIBUSAN

SENATOR
The Honorable Madeleine Bordallo
Chairperson
Committee on Health, Welfare & Ecology
20th Guam Legislature
Agana, Guam

Re: Testimony in support of Bill 284 - Underground Storage of Hazardous Substances Act.

Dear Madam Chairperson:

First of all, I wish to thank you for holding a public hearing on Bill 284 - an Act relative to the underground storage of hazardous substances. I am also grateful to this Committee for giving me the opportunity to testify in support of the Bill.

Madam Chairperson, the tragic oil spill in Alaska has been widely publicized. Lives have been ruined, businesses closed and thousands of fish and other wildlife killed. Likewise, on the mainland, environmentalists have been battling to protect Florida's reefs and beaches from leaking oil. I mention this to illustrate the danger hazardous substances can - and do - pose to the environment.

Imagine what kind of damage leaking oil or hazardous chemicals could have on the island's water supply if immediate action is not taken to monitor underground storage of these potentially lethal substances?

As the primary sponsor of Bill 284, I introduced this legislation in an effort to to protect the people of Guam and the island's water supply from contamination by hazardous substances which are stored underground.

This legislation is desperately needed. Early in 1989, it was reported that portions of the northern aquifer may have been contaminated by the United States Air Force when it buried World War II wastes in the north.

Since the island's water supply is underground, there is a very real danger that any leakage of drums containing chemicals or hazardous substances could filter down into the water supply, thereby injuring or tragically killing the unsuspecting people of Guam. There is also a danger of contamination from gasoline or oil stored in underground drums. I know that this is something the Guam Environmental Protection Agency is particularly concerned about.

Madam Chairperson, Bill 284 is modeled on Federal legislation. In March 1989, I submitted testimony on the measure to the GEPA Board (see attached), and, I have been informed that Region Nine has given its stamp of approval on the Bill with certain modifications.

With the Committee's indulgence, I would ask that the following amendments be made to Bill 284 in order to be consistent with Federal legislation and the concerns of the Guam Environmental Protection Agency:

Section 3(j)(1) includes as an exclusion to the Underground Storage Tank definition "Farm or residential tank of 1100 gallons or less capacity used for storing motor fuel for noncommercial purposes". This should be deleted.

Section 6(b) provides that "if soil tests conducted by the owner in accordance with ASTM Standard G57-78, or similar standard, show that soil resistivity in an installation location is twelve thousand (12,000) ohm/cm or more and provided the Administrator determines that the tank is adequately protected, a storage tank without corrosion protection may be installed at that location." This should be amended to read as follows: "[if soil tests conducted by the owner in accordance with ASTM Standard G57-78, or similar standard, show that soil resistivity in an installation location is twelve thousand (12,000) ohm/cm or more] if the Administrator determines that soils at an installation location are not corrosive enough to cause an underground storage tank to have a release during its operating life and provided the Administrator determines that the tank is adequately protected, a storage tank without corrosion protection may be installed at that location."

Section 8(a) has a typographical error in the last sentence. The word "by" should be deleted.

Section 8(b) gives the operator of an underground storage tank 24 hours to notify the owner of a release. This should be amended to "12 hours".

Section 9(b) simply provides that the owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall take corrective action in response to a release. This is amended by the attached - which would empower the Agency to conduct investigations, and take action to stop a release or cleanup of same if the owner or operator does not do so.

Section 10 should be added to include a \$20,000 "Action Fund" for emergency responses. Please see the attached for a new Section 10. All other Sections would then have their number increased by one.

Section 13 (which would become Section 14 if the above amendment is adopted) provides in the second sentence that "This authority shall include obtaining from any owner or operator" information relating the tanks. This should be amended to "This authority shall include <u>but not be limited to</u> obtaining from any owner or operator...".

Section 16(e) (which would become Section 17(e)) provides that any person may appeal to the Superior Court and have a transcript of the proceedings on request. The following sentence should be added: "The person making the appeal shall pay the Agency for the expenses associated with the preparation of the requested transcript."

Section 18 cites Sections 10 and 12(c). If the Committee adopts my amendment adding a new Section 10, the cited Section should be changed to 11 and 13(c).

Section 19(a) has a typographical error on the third line from the bottom. "of" needs to be deleted. Therefore the sentence would read that anyone who violates this Act "shall forfeit and pay to the Government of Guam a civil penalty [of] not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) for each tank for each day of violation."

Section 19(c) has a typographical error on the third line from the bottom. "s" should be added to "provision".

In conclusion, I wish to thank you once again, Madam Chairperson, for holding a public hearing on Bill 284. I am confident that this Committee will act expeditiously on the measure with a recommendation to "pass".

We cannot and must not allow what has happened in Alaska and Florida - on the ocean's surface - to occur below ground on Guam.

Sincerely,

Marilyn MANIBUSAN

Senator

AMENDMENT TO SECTION 9 By Senator Marilyn Manibusan

Section 09. Corrective Action.

- (a) When a release is discovered the owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall take immediate action to stop the release.
- (b) The owner or operator of an underground storage tank shall take corrective action in response to the release of regulated substances from the tank in a manner consistent with future protection of human health and the environment, and restoration of the environment to a condition and quality acceptable to the Agency. The Agency may require the owner or operator to undertake such investigations, monitoring, surveys, testings and other information gathering as the Agency considers necessary or appropriate to:
 - (1) Identify the existence and extent of the release;
 - (2) Identify the source and nature of the hazardous substance involved; and
 - (3) Evaluate the extent of danger to human health, safety, welfare or the environment.
- (c) If the owner or operator does not take immediate action to stop a release from an underground storage tank or immediately commence and promptly and adequately complete the cleanup of a release, the Agency may stop the release or cleanup the release, or contract to stop the release or contract for cleanup of the release.
- (d) Whenever the Agency is authorized to act under subsection (c) of this section, the Agency directly or by contract may undertake such investigations, monitoring, surveys, testing and other information gathering as it may deem appropriate to identify the existence and extent of the release, the source and nature of the hazardous substance involved and the extent of danger to human health, safety, welfare or the environment. In addition, the Agency directly or by contract may undertake such planning, fiscal, economic, engineering and other studies and investigations as it may deem appropriate to plan and direct cleanup actions, to recover the costs thereof and legal costs.

AMENDMENT ADDING A NEW SECTION 10 By Senator Marilyn Manibusan

Section 10. Hazardous Substance Emergency Response and Remedial Action Fund

- (a) There is established a fund to be known as the Hazardous Substance Emergency Response and Remedial Action Fund, hereafter referred to as the "Action Fund" which shall be used by the Agency as a nonlapsing, revolving fund. The Legislature shall make an initial, one time appropriation of Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) to the Action Fund. All fees, reimbursements, assessments, fines, bail forfeitures, and other funds collected or received pursuant to this Chapter shall be deposited in the Action Fund.
- (b) The Administrator shall administer the Action Fund and make disbursements from the fund for the following purposes:
 - (1) Funding actions and activities authorized under Section 09 of this Chapter.
 - (2) Training of Agency employees involved in regulation of underground storage of hazardous substances or response to releases of hazardous substances from underground storage tanks.
 - (3) Providing for the general administration and implementation of this Chapter, including the purchase of equipment and payment of personnel costs of the Agency.



Twentieth Guam Tegislature

163 Chalan Santo Papa Street Agana, Guam 96910 PHONE NOS. 472-3450/3451

MARILYN D.A. MANIBUSAN SENATOR

March 2, 1989

Mr. Fred Castro Administrator Guam Environmental Protection Agency Tamuning, Guam

Re: Testimony in support of a proposed Bill relating to Underground Storage of Hazardous Substances.

Dear Mr. Castro:

I'm writing to express my support for GEPA's proposed Bill to establish a continuing program for preventing contamination and improper storage of hazardous substances underground, as well as establishing procedures to ensure that new underground storage tanks are constructed in accordance with appropriate standards.

As you know, I recently introduced Bill 284 into the 20th Guam Legislature in an effort to protect the community from potentially lethal contamination of the island's underground water supply. Bill 284 incorporates most of the provisions contained in GEPA's proposed legislation. Furthermore, I have been informed that Region IX is expected to endosre the Bill because enforcement standards to be adopted are equal to, or, exceed those of the Federal Government. In fact, Section 19 of the Bill mandates compliance by both the Government of Guam and the United States Government.

I am particularly supportive of the Notification and Reporting requirements contained therein. Section 7 of the Bill provides that the owners or operators of underground storage tanks must maintain a leak detection system or method of identifying releases into the environment. In addition, tank owners or operators must maintain a systematic and complete set of records detailing any leaks so detected. These are extremely important provisions - given the difficulty of tracing contaminants. Considering the highly toxic nature of numerous hazardous substances, the people of Guam must be assured of their absolute protection - regardless of who owns or operates the tanks.

Finally, I believe the Bill has the necessary "teeth" to enable GEPA to enforce the provisions of the Act. Requiring tank owners to post bond or insure themselves against potential suits will not only protect the owners, but will safeguard the public - guaranteeing there will be sufficient funds to cover medical treatment and other damages.

I want to thank the Guam Environmental Protection Agency for giving me the opportunity of testifying in support of this proposed legislation. I am optimistic that it will receive speedy and favorable action by my colleagues in the 20th Guam Legislature.

Sincerely,

1

MARILYN MANIBUSAN

Marilyn

FISCAL NOTE							
BURSAU	OF	BUDGET	ΰ	MANAGENENT	RESEARCH		

	BURS	AU OF BUDGET	AL NOTE & MANAGE	MENT RESEA	RCH	BBMR-F7
ill No284(L	.S)		Date	Received		
	Yes * X/ No /					
partment/Agend	ry Affected:	GEPA	,			
partment/Agend		red Castro				
	ar Appropriation:	\$1,583,225				
	cise): AN ACT CF		CHAPTER	88 OF TTTL	T 10 GUAM CODE	ΔΝΝΟΤΆΤΕΟ
II little (com					HAZARDOUS MATE	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			·.			
ange in Law:						
11 Attempts to	o:		Bill	is for:		•
	rogram Funding rogram Funding		$\frac{\sqrt{-1}}{1-1}$	Operations Capital In		
	Present Program	Funding	<u>/ /</u>	Other	nprovement	
		FINANCIAL/I	PROGRAM	IMPACT		
PROGRAM CA	TEGORIES	Minimu GENERAL FUR		ated Requi- FEDERA	red Funds (For	Five Years) OTHER
		See Comments	_			
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			. •		
CRAND FORM	•	• • • •				
GRAND TOTA	L					
GRAND TOTA		MATED MULTI-Y	EAR FUND	REQUIREME	NTS	
GRAND TOTA			EAR FUNI	REQUIREME 3rd	NTS 4th	<u>5 th</u>
SOURCES	ESTI	MATED MULTI-Y	EAR FUND			<u>5th</u>
SOURCES eneral Fund	ESTI Lst	MATED MULTI-Y	EAR FUNI			5 th
SOURCES eneral Fund ederal Fund	ESTI Lst	MATED MULTI-Y	EAR FUNI			<u>5 th</u>
SOURCES eneral Fund ederal Fund	ESTI Lst	MATED MULTI-Y	EAR FUND			<u>5th</u>
SOURCES eneral Fund ederal Fund ther Fund	ESTI Lst	MATED MULTI-Y	EAR FUND			<u>5th</u>
SOURCES eneral Fund ederal Fund ther Fund		MATED MULTI-Y		<u>3rd</u>	4th	<u>5th</u>
SOURCES eneral Fund ederal Fund ther Fund		MATED MULTI-Y		<u>3rd</u>	4th	<u>5th</u>
SOURCES eneral Fund ederal Fund ther Fund GRAND TOTAL		IMATED MULTI-Y		3rd	4th	
SOURCES eneral Fund ederal Fund ther Fund GRAND TOTAL SOURCES General Fund	<u>lst</u> See Comments ESTI	IMATED MULTI-Y		3rd	4th	
SOURCES deneral Fund dederal Fund GRAND TOTAL SOURCES General Fund Federal Fund	<u>lst</u> See Comments ESTI	IMATED MULTI-Y		3rd	4th	
SOURCES Seneral Fund Sederal Fund Other Fund GRAND TOTAL	<u>lst</u> See Comments ESTI	IMATED MULTI-Y		3rd	4th	

MICHAEL J. RETOX



COMMENTS ON BILL NO. 284(LS)

Bill No. 284 is an Act creating a new Chapter 88 of Title 10, Guam Code Annotated providing for the Underground Storage of Hazardous Materials.

The purpose of this Act is to establish guidelines and regulations which will govern the underground storage of hazardous substances. If enacted, the proposed legislation will provide a revenue-generating source for the General Fund through the penalties established. However, the Bureau is unable to ascertain the fiscal impact, at this time due the unavailability of information. It is uncertain at this time whether the revenues to be generated would be sufficient to offset the cost of environmental damage that may result from improper storage of hazardous substances.

MICHAEL DE REIDY

220 /22



ATTENDANCE SHEET

es (25 € €

TWENTIETH GUAM LEGISLATURE COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, WELFARE, AND ECOLOGY

PUBLIC	HEARING DA	TE: 26 June 1989 ON	Bill No. 284
			INITIAL
1.	SPEAKER	SAN AGUSTIN, JOE T	
2.	SENATOR	AGUON, JOHN P.	
3.	SENATOR	ARRIOLA, ELIZABETH P. (M)	
4.	SENATOR	DIERKING, HERMINIA D. (M)	
5.	SENATOR	GUTIERREZ, CARL T.C.	
6.	SENATOR	LUJAN, PILAR C. (M)	
7.	SENATOR	MAILLOUX, GORDON (M)	
8.	SENATOR	NELSON, TED S. (M)	
9.	SENATOR	PARKINSON, DON	
10.	SENATOR	QUITUGUA, FRANKLIN J.A.	
11.	SENATOR	REYES, EDWARD D. (M)	
12.	SENATOR	SANTOS, FRANK R.	
13.	SENATOR	BAMBA, GEORGE J.	
14.	SENATOR	BROOKS, DORIS F.	
15.	SENATOR	DUENAS, EDDIE R.	
16.	SENATOR	ESPALDON, ERNESTO (N)	
17.	SENATOR	MANIBUSAN, MARILYN D.A. (M)
18.	SENATOR	RUTE, MARTHA C. (M)	Mrufl
19.	SENATOR	TANAKA, TOMMY (M)	
20.	SENATOR	UNPINGCO, TONY R. (M)	#n

COMMITTEE ON HEALTH, WELFARE AND ECOLOGY

DATE:

							
		YA ZO		1	CM 2006-97.	01/1705	BINY197
		GE 8A			402-0	CANTO	JUMES F.
		Jul 1/21 647				1979 1918	4/1/10/1/ 1/2005
:TSNIADA	FAVOR:	,	ORAL:	MEITTEN:	:NOIS		PRINT:
	COMMENT	AGENCY / INTEREST GROUP		TESTIMONY			NAME
			17 my 1 10.	.*			
			V. 34	1, "			